

STRATEGIC RESOURCES & PERFORMANCE MEETING

WEDNESDAY, 29 July 2015 AT 10.00 AM

COUNTY HALL, WEST BRIDGFORD NOTTINGHAM NG2 7QP

Membership

Paddy Tipping – Police and Crime Commissioner
Chris Cutland – Deputy Police and Crime Commissioner
Kevin Dennis – Chief Executive, OPCC
Charlie Radford – Chief Finance Officer, OPCC
Chris Eyre – Chief Constable, Notts Police
Sue Fish – Deputy Chief Constable, Notts Police
Simon Torr – Assistant Chief Constable, Notts Police
Assistant Chief Constable, Notts Police
ACO Resources, Notts Police

AGENDA

PART A - 10.00AM - 11.00AM

1. Cyber Crime presentation

BREAK - 11.00 AM - 11.10 AM

PART B - 11.10 AM - 12.00 PM

- 2. Apologies for absence
- 3. Declarations of Interest
- 4. Minutes of the previous meeting held on 20 May 2015
- 5. Implementation of MFSS (governance progress and savings)

- 6. Performance and Insight report
- 7. Finance Performance and Insight report
- 8. Work Programme

NOTES

- Members of the public are welcome to attend to observe this meeting
- For further information on this agenda, please contact the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner on 0115 9670999 extension 801 2005 or email nopcc@nottinghamshire.pnn.police.uk
- A declaration of interest could involve a private or financial matter which could be seen as
 having an influence on the decision being taken, such as having a family member who
 would be directly affected by the decision being taken, or being involved with the
 organisation the decision relates to. Contact the Democratic Services Officer:
 alison.fawley@nottscc.gov.uk for clarification or advice prior to the meeting.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER Arnot Hill House, Arnot Hill Park, Arnold, Nottingham, NG5 6LU

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE POLICE AND CRIME COMMISSIONER
STRATEGIC RESOURCES AND PERFORMANCE MEETING
HELD ON WEDNESDAY 20TH MAY 2015
AT THE BALDERTON VILLAGE CENTRE, CORONATION STREET,
BALDERTON, NEWARK, NOTTINGHAMSHIRE
NG24 3BD
COMMENCING AT 10 AM

MEMBERSHIP

(A – denotes absence)

Paddy Tipping – Police and Crime Commissioner Chris Cutland – Deputy Police and Crime Commissioner Kevin Dennis – Chief Executive, OPCC

A Charlie Radford – Chief Finance Officer, OPCC
Chris Eyre – Chief Constable, Nottinghamshire Police

A Sue Fish – Deputy Chief Constable, Nottinghamshire Police

A Simon Torr – Assistant Chief Constable, Nottinghamshire Police

OTHERS PRESENT

Pete Barker – Democratic Services, Notts County Council Sallie Blair – Communications, OPCC
Andy Hallsworth - Sergeant
Mark Holland – Chief Superintendent
Helen Kane – OPCC
Beth Lucas – Team Leader, Volunteer Services
Andrea Naylor – OPCC
Caroline Racher – Detective Chief Inspector

APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Charlie Radford.

PART A

RURAL CRIME PRESENTATIONS:

1. 'Delivering The Future / Rural Crime' - Chief Superintendent Mark Holland

Chief Superintendent, Mark Holland, explained the difficult financial background in which the Force had been operating and which would continue to be a challenge. Since 2010 the Force's budget had reduced by £42m and future reductions are anticipated. There would be an interim budget on 8th July 2015 and further budget reductions may form part of the proposals. It was important to work collaboratively in order to reduce costs. Mark also emphasised the importance of preventing demand and said that over a million calls per year are received by the police, local authorities and the NHS and the vast majority of them are from the same people, for example those who do not attend school, those who were unemployed, smokers etc. Mark explained that pilot schemes were being held in Sutton, Worksop and the City which aimed to reduce this demand.

Mark discussed how the Force would have to work differently in an era of reducing budgets. The Force currently had sergeants and PCs in the control room so that issues were dealt with immediately and without the need to send an officer to the scene. Incoming calls were now assessed and people were signposted to different organisations. He explained how the Force spent a lot of time dealing with social issues which were not really the remit of the police and for which they lacked the necessary skills. In future partners would be invited into the control room so that queries would be dealt with by the appropriate body at an early stage.

Nottinghamshire was the last force to have a 100% attendance rate at the scene of a crime. Now approximately 30% of crimes are dealt with via the phone. The aim was to reduce the number of incidents attended by 80,000. Resources were not available for attendance at every crime scene but if a series of crimes were committed this would be picked up and acted upon.

Teams needed to be organised differently to increase efficiency and this had led to the start of working from hubs and the first one had opened at Riverside. In the past there were 17 bases and policing across boundaries did not work well. Now City and County officers were briefed together as part of the same team. Examples were also given of new approaches to dealing with prisoners in custody. Previously an officer would have to drive the prisoner to the custody suite then return to the scene to examine any evidence before returning to the custody suite to wait for the solicitor/interpreter etc. Now there is the option of a PCSO transporting the prisoner while the officer sends details of evidence to the Custody Suite from the scene using a BlackBerry. It was emphasised that effective policing was not just about having numbers on the street and that there was also a need to find out what was happening behind the scenes.

Neighbourhood policing would remain the bedrock of policing in Nottinghamshire and the Force graded neighbourhoods over 5 levels. Officers would be moved according to need and deployment would not be dictated by boundaries.

Community Speed Watch initiative had attracted funding that allowed the purchase of new equipment for use across the County. 6 extra vehicles were now available for use in rural areas; an automatic number plate recognition shield had been set up in Bassetlaw and Newark & Sherwood. Figures showed that 30-35% of crimes in rural areas are committed by those who live outside of the area. The use of technology had facilitated the arrest of perpetrators in other Forces' areas.

Mark ended his presentation by discussing the need to change the way investigations were conducted. Vulnerable people needed to be identified so that resources could be targeted effectively particularly as budgets had been reduced and that there were fewer PCSOs.

2. 'Volunteering Vision' - Beth Lucas, Team Leader, Volunteer Services

Beth explained that she led a new section called 'Volunteer Services' that had been established in January 2015 and aimed to find ways in which citizens could assist the police.

The Police Cadet Scheme aimed to involve those who were vulnerable to crime and who were aged 16-18 years old. The Cadets volunteered for 4 hours per month and were involved in tasks such as marshalling at county fairs. 138 Cadets had been recruited and it was hoped to increase this to 200. There were also plans to include younger volunteers from the age of 13.

There were approximately 200 Police Support Volunteers (PSVs) whose work was historically administrative but the volunteers could also assist in delivering surveys and becoming involved in corporate communications. It hoped that these numbers could be increased.

Citizens could also help by joining the Special Constabulary. There were various ranks within the Constabulary and officers had the same powers as the police. At present there were 250 Special Constables but the Force was actively recruiting and hopefully the numbers would increase to 300. There was also a new role of Rural Special Constable who would be deployed in 23 rural and open space locations. Recruitment for these posts will start on 22nd May.

3. 'Rural Crime / Wildlife Crime' - Detective Chief Inspector Caroline Racher / Sergeant Andy Hallsworth.

This presentation discussed the need to look at innovative ways of dealing with the problem of rural crime. A number of local initiatives had been put in place including awareness training for local staff, undertaking of rural surveys, recruitment of rural special constables and setting up a new web page.

Operation Jacobean targeted offenders who travelled across the County and committed burglaries, robberies and thefts. The Operation was ongoing and to date sentences totalling more than 85 years had been handed down. Many national initiatives were also now in place including the National Wildlife Unit and the National Rural Crime Network. The BBC programme, 'Countryfile', would visit the County in June and feature the problem of rural crime. Future work would include the wider use of Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) and developing the role of Rural Special Constables.

Sergeant Andy Hallsworth explained that he was a beat officer based at Canning Circus, and worked with two staff, who were passionate about the prevention of wildlife crime. They had been working in the area for 10 years and could draw support from a variety of sources including central government (CPS/DEFRA etc) and bodies such as the Notts Wildlife Trust. Social media was also increasingly

being used by the Force and the number of responses to information posted on Twitter had been high.

During discussions the following points were raised:

- Many of those who offend in the County do not live in the County but there
 were now fewer divisions and the Force now worked across boundaries. The
 use of shared briefings also meant that all crimes would be covered
 regardless of the area they occurred.
- Increased collaborative work and experience had shown that it was an
 efficient way of working. Some aspects had been more successful than
 anticipated including the combined IT system where shared intelligence with
 Lincolnshire and Leicestershire had helped to protect rural areas. Concern
 was expressed that if one IT system was introduced across all Forces there
 would be problems similar to those experienced by the NHS when their
 integrated IT system was introduced.
- The Commissioner pointed out that even with the reduction in the number of PCSOs there would still be 50 more in post than when he came into office and that Nottinghamshire would still have more PCSOs than any other force in the East Midlands. It was confirmed that increased numbers of Rural Special Constables would be deployed in areas where there had been a reduction in the number of PCSOs.
- It was suggested that members of the Force attend Parish Council meetings. Chief Superintendent Holland agreed this was a positive idea and suggested attending between 2 to 4 meetings a year out of a total of 12.
- It was confirmed that following changes to legislation regarding scrap metal, only one merchant had failed a recent 'test selling' exercise. The price of scrap metal was monitored and the expectation was that the problem would come back when price of scrap metal increased.
- One of the biggest resources in terms of crime prevention / detection was the general public and a question was asked about the progress of introducing an SMS Text Alert system for the public to report any crime/suspicious behaviour. The Commissioner confirmed that there was money in the budget for an initiative and that the Force was working to identify ways of making the best use of technology. The Commissioner was aware that he had previously given a commitment to implement such measures and gave assurances that he would work on a timeline for delivery.
- The Commissioner explained that a workshop had been run recently to discuss how best to handle seasonal issues with Travellers. The Force's policy had been examined as it needed to be compliant with the law otherwise the Force ran the risk of facing litigation. The recent case of a Wetherspoon's pub being fined for banning travellers was discussed. It was explained that pubs could bar people on the basis of their behaviour but not as a result of their being part of a particular group.

PART B

APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

An apology for absence was received from Charlie Radford, OPCC.

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

None

MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING HELD ON 3 SEPTEMBER 2014

Agreed

CHIEF CONSTABLE'S UPDATE REPORT

The Chief Constable introduced the report and confirmed that financial challenges remained and that there was a need to cope with the recent personnel changes. Overall the Force continued to deliver over a wide range of priorities.

RESOLVED 2015/008

That the report be noted.

TREASURY MANAGEMENT ANNUAL REPORT 2014-15

Kevin Dennis introduced the report and confirmed that the outturn was in line with expectations and that there were no risks to be highlighted.

RESOLVED 2015/009

That the report be approved.

INSURANCE TENDER 2015

Andrea Naylor introduced the report. The Commissioner asked about progress with the Artemis vehicle tracking system. Andrea explained that it was not fully functioning as there had been a problem with the equipment. The Chief Inspector confirmed that a vacant managerial post had been filled and consequently risk assessments and compliance plans had been completed. In future it would be possible to monitor excessive speeding and find out 'who, when and where.' This would lead to reductions in fuel costs, insurance claims and expenditure on vehicle maintenance. The Commissioner asked about insurance claims that had been outstanding for a considerable period. Andrea has spoken to legal and some of the claims had been dealt with but had not been properly closed on the system. All actions should be completed by July.

RESOLVED 2015/010

1) That the actions taken by the Force to reduce the number of future claims be approved.

2) That the work of the Chief Finance Officer in progressing old outstanding claims to conclusion be approved.

ANNUAL HEALTH & SAFETY REPORT 2014-2015

The Chief Constable informed the meeting of the successful work that had taken place and that Nottinghamshire was doing better than other forces. Injuries usually occurred at the point of arrest but they tended to be minor. The Chief Constable confirmed that the number of assaults and injuries were down.

RESOLVED 2015/011

That the report be noted.

ENVIRONMENTALMANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE

The Chief Constable explained that the aim was to reduce the Force's carbon emissions by 30% by 2015. The Force was 50% of the way there and the Chief Constable was confident that the target would be achieved. There was the possibility that the target would be exceeded, particularly if the Force were able to dispose of some of its older facilities.

RESOLVED 2015/012

That the report be noted.

PERFORMANCE AND INSIGHT REPORT

RESOLVED 2015/013

That the report be noted.

VERBAL UPDATE ON THE MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL PLAN

This item was deferred pending the forthcoming Budget in July.

QUARTER TWO 2014-15 BUDGET MANAGEMENT REPORT

Andrea Naylor introduced the report and in answer to questions from the Commissioner confirmed that targets were being met and that the various teams involved were now working as one.

RESOLVED 2015/014

- 1) That the report be noted.
- 2) That the budget virements, as at the end of Quarter Two in Section 4, specifically section 4.4, be approved.

CAPITAL OUT-TURN AND SLIPPAGE 2014-2015

This item was deferred.

WORK PROGRAMME

Kevin Dennis introduced the report which provided a programme of work and timetable of meetings for the Strategic Resources and Performance meeting.

During discussions the following topics for future reports were identified:

- Cyber Crime would feature on the agenda of the next meeting
- A report entitled 'Delivering the Future' would be brought to the meeting in September. This would identify further efficiencies and by then there should be clarity around the announcements to be made by the new government.

RESOLVED 2015/015

That the report be noted.

The meeting closed at 12.20 pm

CHAIR

| For Information / Co | onsideration / Comment / Decision (delete as appropriate) |
|----------------------|---|
| Public/Non Public* | |
| Report to: | Strategic Resources and Performance Meeting |
| Date of Meeting: | 29 July 2015 |
| Report of: | Sharon Ault |
| Report Author: | Sharon Ault |
| E-mail: | Sharon.ault10870@nottinghamshire.pnn.police.uk |
| Other Contacts: | |
| Agenda Item: | 05 |

^{*}If Non Public, please state under which category number from the guidance in the space provided.

Implementation of MFSS (governance progress and savings)

1. Purpose of the Report

1.1 To provide an update following the implementation of MFSS on 27th April 2015.

2. Recommendations

2.1 It is recommended that the contents of the report are noted

3. Reasons for Recommendations

3.1 As detailed in 1.1 above.

4. Summary of Key Points

- 4.1 MFSS was successfully implemented on 27th April 2015.
- 4.2 A strong working relationship has been developed between Nottinghamshire Police and the MFSS team.
- 4.3 Post go live training has been well attended and feedback is positive.
- 4.4 The cost of the MFSS project is still tracking in line with the business case cost, showing £3,416k versus £3,435k in the business case. We are not in a position to close off costs to the project at this time, as this is made up of estimates in some cases. The only contingency we have relates to Nottinghamshire's share of a CapGemini invoice to the MFSS of £77k (41% share of the £189k) for costs of the delay to Go Live. This is being challenged with another supplier in respect of their part in the delay as there is the possibility of reclaiming some of this from them.
- 4.5 Officers and staff were encouraged to book on and off the new DMS system using the telephone 'BOBO' line. This initially resulted in some delays due to the high volume of calls at peak times and telephone line capacity issues. Since launch individuals have been reminded of the alternative method of

booking on via the computer system and this issue seems to have been resolved.

- 4.6 Decisions were taken which have impacted on work volumes post go live. These were:
 - Only to transfer positions with individuals assigned to them. The vacant positions have had to be created after go live which has been a significant piece of work.
 - To transfer sickness information relating to the previous twelve months only. It transpires that there are longer absences which need to be identified and transferred.
 - o To transfer all skills. There is now a need to review and reduce the list.
 - The way the force structure was built on the new system. This has necessitated some adjustment of the reporting groups visible to line managers.
- 4.7 Reporting through the MFSS system is more limited than what was previously available. However, we have worked with Northamptonshire Police and adopted the reporting tool used by them in conjunction with MFSS to produce some of our priority reports. Our capability will develop in this area over time.
- 4.8 There have been some DMS systems stability issues. These have been prioritised by MFSS and Nottinghamshire Police. The latest 'fix' which has been implemented appears to have resolved a critical issue relating to the movement of officers. A 'service pack' is currently being tested which will resolve further priority issues. Until the Force is satisfied that the system is completely stable we have refrained from exiting from the 'early life support' programme.

5. Financial Implications and Budget Provision

5.1 See 4.4 above.

6. Human Resources Implications

6.1 The implementation of MFSS has resulted in a number of job losses at Nottinghamshire Police. One employee has transferred to MFSS. The others who have been either found alternative employment within the force or have been made redundant.

7. Equality Implications

7.1 An Equality Impact Assessment was completed as part of the business case.

8. Risk Management

8.1 All risks are managed through Early Life Support and the MFSS Management Board.

9. Policy Implications and links to the Police and Crime Plan Priorities

9.1 There is a need to ensure that the MFSS implementation and service delivery is effectively managed to minimise cost, ensure effective use of resources and allow the Force to 'Spend its Money Wisely'.

10. Changes in Legislation or other Legal Considerations

10.1 None

11. Details of outcome of consultation

11.1 Formal consultation has taken place with the recognised trade unions and affected staff in relation to the implementation of MFSS.

12. Appendices

12.1 None

NOT PROTECTIVELY MARKED

| For Information | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Public/Non Public* | Public | | | | |
| Report to: | Strategic Resources and Performance Meeting | | | | |
| Date of Meeting: | 29 July 2015 | | | | |
| Report of: | The Chief Constable | | | | |
| Report Author: | Performance & Reporting Team | | | | |
| E-mail: | mi@nottinghamshire.pnn.police.uk | | | | |
| Other Contacts: | | | | | |
| Agenda Item: | 06 | | | | |

Performance & Insight Report

1. Purpose of the Report

1.1. The purpose of this report is to inform the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (OPCC) of the key performance headlines for Nottinghamshire Police.

2. Recommendations

2.1 It is recommended that the contents of the attached report are noted.

3. Reasons for Recommendations

3.1 To ensure that the OPCC is aware of performance in line with the Force priorities.

4. Summary of Key Points

- 4.1. The summary tables in the attached report provide an overview of performance across the seven Police and Crime Plan objectives. Performance compared to target as well as trends in the short and long-term are considered. Appendix A provides a breakdown of the methodology employed, and Appendix B provides additional tables and charts. To summarise the headline targets:
 - 4.1.1. Victim Satisfaction current rate is 85.4%, 4.6pp away from target -Performance has seen deterioration over the last year, and the most recent figure, covering satisfaction for incidents reported in the 12 months to March, contrasts with 86.9% for the same period last year. Vehicle crime, particularly theft from vehicle, continues to be the driving influence.
 - 4.1.2. All Crime Reduction the Force is recording a +8.9% increase compared to the previous year, There were 942 additional offences of All Crime recorded year-to-date compared to the previous financial year.

NOT PROTECTIVELY MARKED

5. Financial Implications and Budget Provision

5.1 There are no immediate financial implications relating to this report.

6. Human Resources Implications

6.1 There are no immediate Human Resource implications arising from this report.

7. Equality Implications

7.1 There are no equality implications arising from this report.

8. Risk Management

8.1 Please see attached Appendices A and B.

9. Policy Implications and links to the Police and Crime Plan Priorities

9.1 There are no policy implications arising from this report.

10. Changes in Legislation or other Legal Considerations

10.1 There are no changes in legislation or other legal considerations that are relevant to this report.

11. Details of outcome of consultation

11.1 The figures included in this report are covered in more detail in each of the individual Performance and Insight Reports and are monitored through; Operational Performance Review, Joint Performance Board, Corporate Services Board and the Force Executive Board meetings on a monthly basis.

12. Appendices

- 12.1 Appendix A provides the methodology in terms of short and long-term trend analysis.
- 12.2 Appendix B provides additional tables and charts.



Nottinghamshire Police

Performance & Insight Report

Strategic Themes One to Seven

Performance to May 2015

Full Report

| Measu | ure | Objective / Target | Performa | nce | Insight |
|-------|--|---|----------|-----|---|
| 1 | Percentage of victims of crime that are completely, very or fairly satisfied with the service they have received from the police | 90% of victims completely, very or fairly satisfied | 85.4% | • | Performance has seen deterioration over the last year, and the most recent figure, covering satisfaction for incidents reported in the 12 months to March, contrasts with 86.9% for the same period last year. Vehicle crime, particularly theft from vehicle, continues to be the driving influence. There remains a significant difference between the divisions in terms of the headline figure (City 83.5%, County 86.6%), and vehicle crime satisfaction is the differentiating factor. |
| 2 | Percentage of victims and witnesses satisfied with the services provided in Court | An increase in the percentage of victims and witnesses satisfied compared to 2014-15 | 96.8% | • | Current performance covers the year to March 2015. Around 98% of victims and witnesses responding were satisfied or very satisfied with the services provided in Court in March. Figures for the 12 months to March show that more than nine in every ten respondents were satisfied in comparison with the 2013/14 level of 95.7% (April 2013 - March 2014). |
| 3 | Percentage of people who agree that the police and local councils are dealing with Anti-Social Behaviour and other crime issues | 60% agreement by 2015-16 | 61.3% | • | Current performance covers interviews in the year to December 2014. The Force is 1.3 percentage-points above the 60 percent target. Performance has seen improvement over the last year with positive movement since the previous quarter. |
| | Percentage reduction of people | a) A reduction in the number of repeat victims of domestic violence compared to 2014-15 | +18.8% | • | Numbers of repeat victims of domestic violence increased by 71 offences year-to-date, with a 26.6% increase in the County, and an 8.6% increase in the City. |
| 4 | Percentage reduction of people that been repeat victims within the previous 12 months | b) A reduction in the number of repeat victims of hate crime compared to 2014-15 | +90.0% | • | There were 9 additional repeat hate crimes recorded year-to-date, 7 of which occurred in the City. |
| | | c) To monitor repeat victims of ASB | -4.6% | | Numbers of repeat victims of ASB appear to align with the overall decrease in reporting of ASB, and this is mirrored across the two divisions, with City recording a 3.1% increase and County 12.6% less. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 1: Protect, su | upport and respond to victims, wit | nesses and vuln | erable people |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Insight |

| | | d) To monitor the number of domestic abuse incidents | +3.0% | Taken together, the numbers of domestic abuse incidents and crimes appear to have increased by 3.0% or 91 offences; however, due to a tagging issue with incidents this should be viewed with caution, as crimes are showing a 32% increase. |
|---|---|--|--------|---|
| | | and crimes and the proportion of which are repeats | 38.2% | The proportion of domestic abuse incidents and crimes has reduced when compared to 41.5% in the previous year, although actual numbers have increased from 410 to 501 repeat offences. The proportion falls to 23.3% when incidents are removed, suggesting that the Force is dealing proactively prior to an incident becoming a crime. |
| | | a) To monitor the number of sexual offences as a whole | +83.0% | There were 131 additional Sexual Offences recorded year-to-date and this has been attributed to better recording practices, increased numbers of historic sexual offences being reported, and direct recording of other agency referrals. Broken down there have been similar sized percentage increases in serious sexual offences (99.0%), with a 111% increase in rape and a 71.0% increase in other sexual offences (serious). |
| 5 | Public confidence in reporting offences to the police | b) To monitor satisfaction levels of victims of Domestic Abuse through the force victim surveys | 89.7% | Results of the Domestic Abuse Victim Satisfaction Survey for incidents reported in the 12-months to the end of March 2015 demonstrate that around nine in every ten victims are satisfied with the whole experience (498 out of 555 respondents). Satisfaction with the whole experience remains broadly stable. For incidents reported in the 12-months to March 2014 the rate was 91.7% and the difference is not statistically significant. |
| | | c) To monitor the number of Hate Crimes and the proportion of which are repeats | +44.0% | There were 56 additional hate crimes recorded year-to-date, with a relatively even split between Public Order offences (98 ytd) and Victim-Based offences (85 ytd) across the two divisions (City 94 ytd; County 89 ytd). |
| | | | 11.5% | The proportion of Hate Crimes which are repeats grew slightly from 11.4% last year to 11.5% this year. 11.6% of Hate Crimes in the City were repeats, whilst only 11.4% were repeats in the County. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 1: Protect, support and respond to victims, witnesses and vulnerable people | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance Insight | | | |

| | | a) 40% reduction in all KSI RTCs by 2020 (from 2005-09 average) | -2.8% | • | National 2014 figures and Quarter One Definitive figures to be reported on in next month's report: 2015 has started on a positive note with just 8 fatalities from January to mid- May compared to 16 in the same period |
|---|---|--|------------------|---|---|
| 6 | The number of people Killed or Seriously Injured (KSIs)on Nottinghamshire's roads | b) Monitor KSIs for 0-15 year olds | -26.2% | • | in2014. Between January and April 2015 there were 115 serious road collisions compared to 123 for the same period in 2014. The slight injury collisions were 859 in 2015 compared to 911. This suggests that there have been modest reductions in the number of collisions both in terms of seriousness and overall volume. This is a continuation of the trend seen in 2014. The national picture suggests an average increase so the force's reduction profile remains a positive feature for this business area. |
| 7 | The number of non-crime related mental health patients detained in custody suites | A reduction in the number of non-crime related mental health patients detained in custody suites | -86.5% | • | There were 32 less people with mental health related illnesses presented to custody as a first place of safety year-to-date. Overall, there was a 33.9% reduction in the number of mental health patient detainees in custody and s136 suites. This is a direct result of the introduction of the Street Triage Team. |
| 8 | Percentage of incidents responded to within the target | To monitor the percentage of Grade 1 and 2 incidents | Grade 1 82.1% | • | New target for 2015-16 Historically the targets for attendance to incidents have been as follows: • 85% attendance to Grade 1 incidents in Urban areas within 15 minutes and Rural areas within 20 minutes; and, |
| 8 | time | attended within the prescribed timescale | Grade 2 67.1% | • | 80% attendance to Grade 2 incidents within 60 minutes. In terms of Grade 1 incidents, the Force attended 82.9% of Urban areas and 77.3% of Rural areas within the specified times. Whilst 67.1% of Grade 2 incidents were attended within 60 minutes. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 2: Improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the criminal justice process | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Insight | | |

| 1 | Percentage of Crown Court files to be submitted by the police to the Crown Prosecution Service on time and without errors | A continued improvement in the quality and timeliness of files submitted by the police to the Crown Prosecution Service | | | As previously reported: A revised performance framework has been put in place in line with the new national PTPM model. This involves the dip sampling of a number of files to identify meaningful issues and to raise these issues to the PTPM, and where necessary the EEB. The key issues so far identified are: Lack of supervision around initial files; Missing MG9 (Witness lists) from initial files; Lack of the use of Court Orders section of the MG5; Other issues around not using the DIP testing section of the MG5, failure to identify key witnesses correctly, and not 'investigating' retraction statement. To reduce these issues from occurring and therefore improve file quality and timeliness a number of initiatives are being put in place: 'Gold File' an intranet based message board highlighting frequent problems with files and the solutions required; Continued roll out of 'Back to Basics' training for Sgts; Daily reporting through the VOLT Dashboard on what files are due in the next 7 days. |
|----------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| 2 | Crown and Magistrates' Courts conviction rates | To record a conviction rate in line with the national average | CC - 1.0% MC - 3.5% | • | The Crown Court year-to-date (April 2015) recorded a conviction rate of 79.7%, lower than the national average of 80.6% and the region (81.5%). Based on one month's data, there has been 7.8% deterioration when compared to April of last year. The Magistrates' Courts conviction rates of 80.8% are also lower than the national average (84.3%) and the region (84.8%). Similarly there has been 4.4% deterioration when compared to April of last year. |
| 3 | Early Guilty Plea rate for the Crown and Magistrates' Courts | An increase in the Early Guilty Plea rate compared to 2014-15 To be better than the national average | CC +5.1% MC +5.5% CC +5.3% MC +2.8% | • | The Early Guilty Plea rate recorded in the Crown Court in April 2015 was 39.4%, which is considerable improvement on April of last year. The rate was also considerably above the national average rate of 34.1%. The Magistrates' Courts Early Guilty Plea rate has also considerably improved from 68.6% in the same period last year, to 74.1%. This places Nottinghamshire's Early Guilty Plea rate above the national average of 71.2%. |
| STRAT Measi | TEGIC PRIORITY THEME 2: Improve toure | he efficiency and effectiveness of t Objective / Target | he criminal Performa | | ice process Insight |

| | | Reduce percentage of | CC - 8.8% | • | The Ineffective Trial Rate in the Crown Court fell from 17.7% in April 2014 to 8.9% April this year, this was in conjunction with a rise in the |
|---|---|--|--------------|---|---|
| 4 | Percentage of effective trials in the Crown and Magistrates' Courts (HMCTS Measure) | ineffective trials compared to 2014-15 | MC - 2.2% | • | Effective Trial Rate from 47.3% last year-to-date to 51.1% this year-to-date. This was despite an increase recorded in the Cracked Trial Rate of 5.0% to 40.0% overall. |
| 4 | | Achieve a year-on-year | CC +3.8% | • | Magistrates Courts' have seen less change in performance, with the Ineffective Trial Rate falling to 19.1%, and the Effective Trial Rate |
| | | improvement | MC +4.8% | • | increasing by 4.8% to 44.6%. In terms of the Cracked Trial Rate , there was a reduction of 2.7% to 35.4% . |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 3: Focus on those priority crime types and local areas that are most affected by crime and anti-social behaviour | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Short / Long | Insight |

| | | | UFFICI | / \L | T | Tu a ur al | |
|---|---|--|----------------|------|----------|------------|---|
| | | | | ı | Term | rena | |
| | | a) A reduction in All Crime compared to 2014-15 | +8.9% | • | ∇ | • | There were 942 additional offences of All Crime recorded in 2015-16 compared to the previous financial year. The majority of this increase was recorded on County Division (873 offences, +13.1%) and were predominantly related to Violence (856 offences, +34.1% force-wide). Year-to-date increases mask strong reductions in Burglary Other (-130 offences); Burglary Dwelling (-82 offences; Bicycle Theft (-75 offences); and, Robberies (-23 offences). Changes to the counting rules, 24 hour interventions and new offence types such as Malicious Communications are thought to be the main drivers of the increases recorded so far this year. |
| | | b) A reduction in Victim-Based Crime compared to 2014-15 | +8.9% | • | ∇ | A | Victim-Based crimes accounted for 89.3% of All Crime recorded by the Force, which is the same as the proportion recorded last year. Again, County division recorded the larger increase (13.9%, or 842 offences). |
| 1 | Reduction in All Crime across the force | c) To monitor the number of offences in those local areas which experience a high level of crime | City +20% | • | ∇ | A | Both County and City Divisions are showing an increase in All Crime in those areas identified to experience high |
| | | | County +17% | • | ∇ | A | levels of crime. Given the performance reported last month (County +8%, City -3%); it appears that May's performance (County +16%, City +15%) has driven the increases. |
| | | d) To monitor the proportion of rural crime compared to 2014-15 | | | | | This is a new target and will require development through a small project group. To be reported in Quarter 3 and 4 of 2015-16. The term rural crime covers a wide range of crimes but includes: Theft of machinery, vehicles, heating oil, metal, diesel and pesticides - thieves are known to be targeting high-value agricultural equipment as many stolen top-of-the-range vehicles are smuggled out of the country, ending up in Eastern Europe. A new trend is also emerging of criminals seeking out older models that are not fitted with immobilisers and alarms. |

| | | | | | | | Much of this stolen property is then sold to developing nations. Criminals have also started focusing on pesticides from farm chemical stores. In one reported case, sprays worth £20,000 were stolen in a single raid. Theft of livestock - according to data from insurer NFU Mutual, 2013 was the worst year on record for livestock theft. Illegal waste sites and dumping Burglary of farms, homes and business premises - both opportunist criminals and members of international criminal gangs are targeting farms. While the first group will often move on to an easier target if they see a farm that has even basic security in place, the latter are professionally organised with a specific target. Drug dealing and cannabis cultivation Theft from churches and damage to graveyards and monuments Poaching, hare-coursing and cruelty to animals - find out more about wildlife crime. Arson or criminal damage to fences and crops |
|---|---|--|-------|---|---|----------|---|
| 2 | Reduction in Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) incidents across the force | Long-term target of 50% reduction by end of 2015-2016 (compared to 2011-12 baseline) | -7.1% | • | • | ∇ | Despite there being month-on-month increases recorded in March, April and May, the trajectory is at a lower level than in the previous year, and appears in-line with normal seasonal variation. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 3: Focus on those priority crime types and local areas that are most affected by crime and anti-social behaviour | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Short / Long | Insight |

| | | | | | | 1 | |
|---|--|--|-------|---|------|-------|---|
| | | | | | Term | Trend | |
| | | a) An increase in the detection rate for Victim-Based Crime | -4.6% | • | • | • | There were 292 fewer detections for Victim-Based Crime year-to-date than in the previous year; however as seen in previous months higher numbers of detections awaiting approval mean that when the figures are refreshed next month, there should be an improvement. |
| 3 | The detection rate (including Positive Outcomes) for Victim- | b) To monitor the proportion of Community Resolution disposals | 15.0% | • | • | • | Whilst the proportion of Community Resolution disposals has fallen when compared to the previous year (18.0%) the volume has fallen by 30.1% or 200 disposals in line with the overall fall in detections. |
| | Based Crimes | c) To monitor the detection rate for All Crime | -7.1% | • | • | • | New target for 2015-16: The detection rate for All Crime fell from 25.6% last year to 21.0%; this should improve when the 275 detections awaiting approval are added (23.3%). Previous analysis has suggested falling numbers of arrests may have impacted directly on overall detections, but changes to the counting rules, 24 hour interventions and new offence classifications may also be contributory factors. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 4: Reduce the impact of drugs and alcohol on levels of crime and anti-social behaviour | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Insight | | |

| | | | | The state of the s |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | a) To monitor the number of | Crime | It is estimated that around 14% of All Crime and ASB is Alcohol-Related. |
| | | crimes and ASB incidents | +10.1% | The reported changes in both Alcohol-Related Crime and ASB are |
| | | which appear to be Alcohol- | ASB | relatively in line with the changes reported in both of these overall. This |
| | | Related | -+1.2% | may be an indication of better data quality. |
| 1 | The number of Alcohol-Related | b) To monitor the proportion | 21.4% | Nearly a quarter of Violence Against the Person is estimated to be |
| _ | Crimes | of Alcohol-Related Violence | 21.170 | Alcohol-Related, less than half that estimated nationally. |
| | | To monitor the number of | | New target for 2015-16 |
| | | violent crimes which appear to | Crime | There were 47 additional night-time economy violence against the |
| | | be Alcohol-Related in the NTE | +16.2% | person offences recorded year-to-date compared to the previous year |
| | | be Alcohol-Related III the IVIE | | following high volumes recorded during November and December. |
| | | | | Update only available for June 2014 cohort at present time. |
| | | | | Of 152 Offenders in the June 2014 Cohort. |
| | | | | Binary (number of Offenders Offending in previous 9 months) |
| | | | Binary -7% | 85 Offenders have re-offended (56%) -7% (11 Offenders) compared to a |
| | | | | baseline of 96 (63.2%) Offenders. |
| | | | Frequency | Frequency (number of offences committed by the cohort) |
| | | | (all offenders | All Offenders in cohort (152) |
| | | | ex TICs) | Excluding TICs: Current performance is 2.57 offences per offender (391 |
| | | | -21% | offences), -21% or -104 Offences on baseline. |
| | | | | Including TIC's: Current performance is 2.61 offences per offender (396 |
| 2 | Re-offending of drug fuelled | | Frequency | offences), this is -27% (143 Offences) on baseline. |
| _ | offenders in the force IOM cohort | | (all offenders | Reoffenders only (85) |
| | | | inc' TICs) | Excluding TICs: Current performance is 4.6 offences per offender, -11% |
| | | | -27% | on baseline |
| | | | | Including TICs: Current performance is 4.66 offences per offender, -17% |
| | | | Gravity | on baseline. |
| | | | (all offenders | Gravity (weighting of the offences committed) |
| | | | inc' TICs) | All Offenders in cohort (152) inc' TICs |
| | | | -23% | Current performance is 2.58 per offender (aggregate total score 392 |
| | | | | against 152 offenders), -23% on baseline |
| | | | | Re-offenders only (85)inc' TIC's |
| | | | | 4.61 per offender, -13% on baseline |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 5: Reduce the | e threat from organised crime | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Insight |

| 1 | The number of Proceeds of Crime Act (POCA) confiscation and forfeiture orders | A 10% increase in the number of orders compared to 2014-15 | +30.8% | • | There were 4 additional Confiscation and Forfeiture Orders compared to last year, placing the Force 15.9% above target. However, the overall value of POCA orders has fallen by 41.1% or £71,490.69 , with the average value now at £6,025.94 compared to £13,379.36 last year. |
|---|---|--|--------|---|---|
| 2 | Force Threat, Harm and Risk (THR) assessment level | To reduce the Threat, Harm and Risk assessment below the 2014-15 level | +6.1% | • | Whilst the number of Active Organised Crime Groups (OCGs) is higher than the number reported last year ¹ , the number of OCGs assessed as 'High Risk' has gone down by half (-50.0%); with numbers of Active OCG Nominals up 4.3% of which there are 52.2% less Active Nominals in 'High Risk' OCGs. |
| 3 | Reported drug offences | To monitor the number of production and supply drug offences | +76.4% | • | There were 84 additional supply and production drug offences recorded year-to-date. In comparison there was a considerable reduction in possession offences, which could be attributable to the increased numbers of supply offences whereby an arrest and disposal would be expected. |
| 4 | The number of Cyber Crimes | To monitor the number of Cyber Crimes in 2015-16 to establish a baseline | 253 | | New target for 2015-16 Based on the search used for the Home Office Annual Data Return for Cyber Crime, 2.0% of All Crime year-to-date was classed as Cyber Crime. Numbers and proportions will appear relatively low due to the removal of Fraud & Forgery offences which are referred to the National Fraud Agency. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 6: Prevention, early intervention and reduction in re-offending | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Insight | |

¹ Not necessarily the same OCGs.

| 1 | Re-offending of offenders in the force IOM cohort | | Binary -18% Frequency (all offenders ex TICs) -26% Frequency (all offenders inc' TICs) -31% Gravity (all offenders inc' TICs) -26% | Update only available for June 2014 cohort at present time. Of 210 Offenders in the June 2014 Cohort. Binary (number of Offenders Offending in previous 9 months) Current performance, 134 offenders (43% of cohort) have re-offended, - 18% (-29 Offenders) from the baseline (9 months prior June 2014) of 53% of the cohort (163 Offenders). Frequency (number of offences committed by the cohort) All Offenders in cohort (310) Excluding TICs: Current performance is 1.47 offences per offender (496 offences), down -26% (-158 Offences) from baseline. Including TICs: 1.6 offences per offender (496 Offences) (down -31% or - 227 Offences against baseline) Re-offenders only (134) Excluding TICs: Current performance is 3.41 offences per offender -10% from baseline. Including TICs: 3.7 offences per offender -17% from baseline. Gravity (weighting of the offences committed) All Offenders in cohort (310) inc' TICs Current performance is 1.48 per offender (aggregate total score 460 against 310 offenders) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | -20/0 | |
| 2 | Youth Offender re-offending rates | To monitor re-offending rates and offending levels of Youth Offenders in the YJS | 8.41% | Data from the Youth Offending Teams for City and County show that less than 10% of youth offenders within the two cohorts' re-offended year-to-date. With a re-offending rate of 0.11. |
| 3 | Community Resolutions for Youth Offenders | To monitor re-offending in Youth Offenders who have received a Community Resolution disposal | 64 | Based on the date detected, year-to-date 64 outcomes have been issued to youth offenders who had previously received a community resolution in 2014-15. It should be noted that only those youth offenders who received a community resolution during 2014-15 and have subsequently received a positive disposal during the year-to-date to May 2015 have been counted, more offences may have occurred that have yet to be disposed of. |

| STRATEGIC PRIORITY THEME 7: Spend Your Money Wisely | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|---------|
| Measure | Objective / Target | Performance | Insight |

| 1 | Make efficiency savings | To make £11.0m saving by March 2016 | -£0.3m | The Government's grant has reduced significantly and in order to balance the budget, savings of £11.0m need to be made in 2015-16. To date £0.513m efficiencies have been achieved against a target of £0.846m. |
|----|---|---|-----------------|--|
| 2a | Ensure balanced budget | Overall spend v budget 2014/15 budget - £193.8m 2014/15 Q2 Forecast - £193.8m | -£0.4m -1.4% | Expenditure to date was £0.4m worse than budget. This was largely due to the shortfall in the efficiency programme (as above) of which most is phasing. |
| 2h | 2b Total number of days lost to sickness | a) 3.7% for officers (8.2 days) | n/a | Due to Nottinghamshire Police changing our HR and Duty Management System we are still working to update our HR Information for the period our system was unavailable. As a result, we are currently not in a position to supply sickness data from the new system, or advise with regards to timescales for this |
| 2b | | b) 3.7% for staff (8.2 days) | n/a | Due to Nottinghamshire Police changing our HR and Duty Management System we are still working to update our HR Information for the period our system was unavailable. As a result, we are currently not in a position to supply sickness data from the new system, or advise with regards to timescales for this |
| 3 | BME representation | To increase BME representation within the force to reflect the BME community | n/a | Following the move to the Multi Force Shared Services (MFSS) Oracle system, HR is still undertaking a data validation exercise which is nearing completion. Until this has been completed the data will be unavailable. |
| 4 | Improve data quality and compliance with the National Crime Recording Standard (NCRS) | To have a compliance rate in line with the National Crime Recording Standard (NCRS) in respect of All Crime | | New target for 2015-16 Data quality to be monitored through the PCC Delivery Plan to evidence that quality is improving. Performance for Violent Crime, Sexual Offences and compliance rates prior to intervention to be monitored through the PCC Delivery Plan. |

Appendix B

Accompanying Tables and Charts

1.6 Reduction in 'All Crime' across the Force

| | | Year- | to-date p | erformance | | 7 | arget Position | Month-to-date performance | | | |
|-------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------------------|--------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Change | Percentage Change | | Difference from Target | Percentage Difference from Target | May 2015 | May 2014 | Volume Change | Percentage Change |
| Force | 12885 | 11,830 | 1055 | 8.92% | 11,829 | 1056 | 8.93% | 6633 | 6117 | 516 | 8.44% |
| City Division | 5342 | 5,160 | 182 | 3.53% | 5,159 | 183 | 3.55% | 2827 | 2659 | 168 | 6.32% |
| County Division | 7543 | 6,670 | 873 | 13.09% | 6,669 | 874 | 13.11% | 3806 | 3458 | 348 | 10.06% |
| County West | 2785 | 2,379 | 406 | 17.07% | 2,378 | 407 | 17.12% | 1386 | 1178 | 208 | 17.66% |
| Ashfield | 1351 | 1,159 | 192 | 16.57% | 1,158 | 193 | 16.67% | 673 | 576 | 97 | 16.84% |
| Mansfield | 1434 | 1,220 | 214 | 17.54% | 1,219 | 215 | 17.64% | 713 | 602 | 111 | 18.44% |
| County East | 2477 | 2,229 | 248 | 11.13% | 2,228 | 249 | 11.18% | 1267 | 1161 | 106 | 9.13% |
| Bassetlaw | 1359 | 1,261 | 98 | 7.77% | 1,260 | 99 | 7.86% | 694 | 644 | 50 | 7.76% |
| Newark & Sherwood | 1118 | 968 | 150 | 15.50% | 967 | 151 | 15.62% | 573 | 517 | 56 | 10.83% |
| County South | 2281 | 2,062 | 219 | 10.62% | 2,061 | 220 | 10.67% | 1153 | 1119 | 34 | 3.04% |
| Broxtowe | 800 | 760 | 40 | 5.26% | 759 | 41 | 5.40% | 418 | 392 | 26 | 6.63% |
| Gedling | 801 | 780 | 21 | 2.69% | 779 | 22 | 2.82% | 393 | 440 | -47 | -10.68% |
| Rushcliffe | 680 | 522 | 158 | 30.27% | 521 | 159 | 30.52% | 342 | 287 | 55 | 19.16% |
| City Division | 5342 | 5,160 | 182 | 3.53% | 5,159 | 183 | 3.55% | 2827 | 2659 | 168 | 6.32% |
| City Central | 1489 | 1,370 | 119 | 8.69% | 1,369 | 120 | 8.77% | 782 | 701 | 81 | 11.55% |
| City Centre | 1147 | 1,137 | 10 | 0.88% | 1,136 | 11 | 0.97% | 603 | 558 | 45 | 8.06% |
| City North | 1538 | 1,520 | 18 | 1.18% | 1,519 | 19 | 1.25% | 819 | 817 | 2 | 0.24% |
| City South | 1168 | 1,133 | 35 | 3.09% | 1,132 | 36 | 3.18% | 623 | 583 | 40 | 6.86% |

| | | Year- | to-date | performance | | 1 | Target Position | Month-to-date performance | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------------------|--------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Change | Percentage Change | | Difference from Target | Percentage Difference from Target | May 2015 | May 2014 | Volume Change | Percentage Change |
| All Crime | 12885 | 11,830 | 1055 | 8.92% | 11,829 | 1056 | 8.93% | 6633 | 6117 | 516 | 8.44% |
| Homicide | 2 | 3 | -1 | -33.33% | 2 | 0 | 0.00% | 2 | | 2 | |
| Violence with injury | 1807 | 1,499 | 308 | 20.55% | 1,498 | 309 | 20.63% | 913 | 759 | 154 | 20.29% |
| Violence without injury | 1555 | 1,006 | 549 | 54.57% | 1,005 | 550 | 54.73% | 835 | 544 | 291 | 53.49% |
| Rape | 145 | 73 | 72 | 98.63% | 72 | 73 | 101.39% | 80 | 45 | 35 | 77.78% |
| Other sexual offences | 239 | 156 | 83 | 53.21% | 155 | 84 | 54.19% | 106 | 77 | 29 | 37.66% |
| Robbery of business property | 13 | 8 | 5 | 62.50% | 7 | 6 | 85.71% | 9 | 3 | 6 | 200.00% |
| Robbery of personal property | 145 | 173 | -28 | -16.18% | 172 | -27 | -15.70% | 81 | 90 | -9 | -10.00% |
| Burglary dwelling | 489 | 571 | -82 | -14.36% | 570 | -81 | -14.21% | 254 | 291 | -37 | -12.71% |
| Burglary other | 725 | 855 | -130 | -15.20% | 854 | -129 | -15.11% | 338 | 463 | -125 | -27.00% |
| Theft of motor vehicle | 182 | 175 | 7 | 4.00% | 174 | 8 | 4.60% | 94 | 93 | 1 | 1.08% |
| Theft from motor vehicle | 770 | 772 | -2 | -0.26% | 771 | -1 | -0.13% | 386 | 381 | 5 | 1.31% |
| Vehicle interference | 135 | 157 | -22 | -14.01% | 156 | -21 | -13.46% | 57 | 65 | -8 | -12.31% |
| Theft from person | 177 | 170 | 7 | 4.12% | 169 | 8 | 4.73% | 84 | 80 | 4 | 5.00% |
| Bicycle theft | 310 | 385 | -75 | -19.48% | 384 | -74 | -19.27% | 173 | 184 | -11 | -5.98% |
| Shoplifting | 1413 | 1,301 | 112 | 8.61% | 1,300 | 113 | 8.69% | 782 | 658 | 124 | 18.84% |
| All other theft offences | 1584 | 1,479 | 105 | 7.10% | 1,478 | 106 | 7.17% | 847 | 760 | 87 | 11.45% |
| Criminal damage | 1731 | 1,711 | 20 | 1.17% | 1,710 | 21 | 1.23% | 875 | 922 | -47 | -5.10% |
| Arson | 79 | 65 | 14 | 21.54% | 64 | 15 | 23.44% | 42 | 30 | 12 | 40.00% |
| Victim-Based Crime | 11501 | 10,559 | 942 | 8.92% | 10,558 | 943 | 8.93% | 5958 | 5445 | 513 | 9.42% |
| Trafficking in drugs | 194 | 110 | 84 | 76.36% | 109 | 85 | 77.98% | 112 | 66 | 46 | 69.70% |
| Possession of drugs | 388 | 535 | -147 | -27.48% | 534 | -146 | -27.34% | 198 | 270 | -72 | -26.67% |
| Possession of weapons offences | 125 | 99 | 26 | 26.26% | 98 | 27 | 27.55% | 56 | 54 | 2 | 3.70% |
| Public order offences | 451 | 382 | 69 | 18.06% | 381 | 70 | 18.37% | 213 | 205 | 8 | 3.90% |
| Miscellaneous crimes against society | 226 | 145 | 81 | 55.86% | 144 | 82 | 56.94% | 96 | 77 | 19 | 24.68% |
| Other crimes against society | 1384 | 1,271 | 113 | 8.89% | 1,270 | 114 | 8.98% | 675 | 672 | 3 | 0.45% |

| | | Year-to | o-Date Perf | formance | | Month-to-Date Performance | | |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Priority Area | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Difference | Percentage Difference | May-15 | May-14 | Volume Difference | Percentage Difference |
| Nottingham City | | | | | | | | |
| Arboretum | 299 | 222 | 77 | 35% | 159 | 119 | 40 | 34% |
| Aspley | 274 | 248 | 26 | 10% | 154 | 140 | 14 | 10% |
| Bridge | 165 | 189 | -24 | -13% | 81 | 97 | -16 | -16% |
| Bulwell | 385 | 308 | 77 | 25% | 203 | 179 | 24 | 13% |
| St Ann's | 297 | 220 | 77 | 35% | 151 | 117 | 34 | 29% |
| Total | 1,420 | 1,187 | 233 | 20% | 748 | 652 | 96 | 15% |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Nottinghamshire County | | | | | | | | |
| Carr Bank | 68 | 50 | 18 | 36% | 39 | 30 | 9 | 30% |
| Oak Tree | 88 | 58 | 30 | 52% | 45 | 29 | 16 | 55% |
| Portland | 211 | 178 | 33 | 19% | 107 | 85 | 22 | 26% |
| Woodlands | 187 | 158 | 29 | 18% | 89 | 74 | 15 | 20% |
| Hucknall East | 122 | 116 | 6 | 5% | 55 | 60 | -5 | -8% |
| Kirkby East | 106 | 131 | -25 | -19% | 49 | 62 | -13 | -21% |
| Sutton Central | 145 | 126 | 19 | 15% | 76 | 58 | 18 | 31% |
| Sutton East | 65 | 69 | -4 | -6% | 39 | 30 | 9 | 30% |
| Sutton In Ashfield North | 140 | 102 | 38 | 37% | 61 | 56 | 5 | 9% |
| Bridge | 101 | 88 | 13 | 15% | 54 | 36 | 18 | 50% |
| Castle | 206 | 164 | 42 | 26% | 116 | 92 | 24 | 26% |
| Worksop North West | 168 | 157 | 11 | 7% | 84 | 91 | -7 | -8% |
| Worksop South | 129 | 95 | 34 | 36% | 62 | 59 | 3 | 5% |
| Eastwood South | 177 | 121 | 56 | 46% | 91 | 68 | 23 | 34% |
| Netherfield And Colwick | 79 | 87 | -8 | -9% | 42 | 43 | -1 | -2% |
| Total | 1,992 | 1,700 | 292 | 17% | 1,009 | 873 | 136 | 16% |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Discretionary Areas | | | | | | | | |
| Ladybrook | 54 | 47 | 7 | 15% | 32 | 19 | 13 | 68% |
| Worksop South East | 183 | 211 | -28 | -13% | 92 | 112 | -20 | -18% |
| Trent Bridge | 116 | 84 | 32 | 38% | 77 | 53 | 24 | 45% |
| Total | 353 | 342 | 11 | 3% | 201 | 184 | 17 | 9% |

1.7 Reduction in Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) incidents across the Force

| | | | Year-to-dat | e performance | Target Position | | | Month-to-date performance | | | |
|-------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Change | Percentage Change | Current Target | Difference from Target | Percentage Difference from Target | May 2015 | May 2014 | Volume Change | Percentage Change |
| Force | 6,376 | 6,865 | -489 | -7.12% | 6,316 | 60.2 | 0.94% | 3221 | 3560 | -339 | -9.52% |
| City Division | 3,215 | 3,304 | -89 | -2.69% | 3,040 | 175.32 | 5.45% | 1668 | 1713 | -45 | -2.63% |
| County Division | 3,161 | 3,561 | -400 | -11.23% | 3,276 | -115.12 | -3.64% | 1553 | 1847 | -294 | -15.92% |
| County West | 1,237 | 1,419 | -182 | -12.83% | 1,305 | -68.48 | -5.54% | 586 | 729 | -143 | -19.62% |
| Ashfield | 611 | 738 | -127 | -17.21% | 679 | -67.96 | -11.12% | 304 | 391 | -87 | -22.25% |
| Mansfield | 626 | 681 | -55 | -8.08% | 627 | -0.52 | -0.08% | 282 | 338 | -56 | -16.57% |
| County East | 981 | 1,027 | -46 | -4.48% | 945 | 36.16 | 3.69% | 474 | 528 | -54 | -10.23% |
| Bassetlaw | 538 | 548 | -10 | -1.82% | 504 | 33.84 | 6.29% | 262 | 272 | -10 | -3.68% |
| Newark & Sherwood | 443 | 479 | -36 | -7.52% | 441 | 2.32 | 0.52% | 212 | 256 | -44 | -17.19% |
| County South | 943 | 1,115 | -172 | -15.43% | 1,026 | -82.8 | -8.78% | 493 | 590 | -97 | -16.44% |
| Broxtowe | 341 | 417 | -76 | -18.23% | 384 | -42.64 | -12.50% | 200 | 225 | -25 | -11.11% |
| Gedling | 370 | 418 | -48 | -11.48% | 385 | -14.56 | -3.94% | 175 | 221 | -46 | -20.81% |
| Rushcliffe | 232 | 280 | -48 | -17.14% | 258 | -25.6 | -11.03% | 118 | 144 | -26 | -18.06% |
| City Division | 3,215 | 3,304 | -89 | -2.69% | 3,040 | 175.32 | 5.45% | 1668 | 1713 | -45 | -2.63% |
| City Central | 914 | 849 | 65 | 7.66% | 781 | 132.92 | 14.54% | 490 | 446 | 44 | 9.87% |
| City Centre | 509 | 488 | 21 | 4.30% | 449 | 60.04 | 11.80% | 284 | 234 | 50 | 21.37% |
| City North | 1,045 | 1,090 | -45 | -4.13% | 1,003 | 42.2 | 4.04% | 516 | 584 | -68 | -11.64% |
| City South | 747 | 877 | -130 | -14.82% | 807 | -59.84 | -8.01% | 378 | 449 | -71 | -15.81% |

| | Year-to-date performance | | | | Target Position | | | Month-to-date performance | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Change | Percentage Change | Current Target | Difference from Target | Percentage Difference from Target | May 2015 | May 2014 | Volume Change | Percentage Change |
| ASB Environmental | 322 | 497 | -175 | -35.21% | 457 | -135.24 | -42.00% | 172 | 246 | -74 | -30.08% |
| ASB Nuisance | 5,038 | 5,201 | -163 | -3.13% | 4,785 | 253.08 | 5.02% | 2561 | 2747 | -186 | -6.77% |
| ASB Personal | 1,016 | 1,167 | -151 | -12.94% | 1,074 | -57.64 | -5.67% | 488 | 567 | -79 | -13.93% |

1.8 An increase in the detection rate for Victim-Based Crime

| | | Year-to-date | performance | 1 | arget Position | | Month-to-date performance | | | |
|-------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|---|----------|---------------------------|---------|--|--|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Change | Current Target | Percentage Difference from Target | May 2015 | May 2014 | Change | | |
| Force | 20.95% | 25.59% | -4.63% | 25.60% | -4.64% | 17.46% | 24.41% | -6.95% | | |
| City Division | 20.42% | 24.92% | -4.50% | 24.93% | -4.51% | 17.23% | 24.22% | -6.99% | | |
| County Division | 21.31% | 26.09% | -4.78% | 26.10% | -4.79% | 17.62% | 24.55% | -6.93% | | |
| County West | 23.21% | 28.27% | -5.06% | 28.28% | -5.07% | 18.63% | 27.47% | -8.84% | | |
| Ashfield | 20.57% | 24.02% | -3.45% | 24.03% | -3.46% | 16.02% | 23.03% | -7.01% | | |
| Mansfield | 25.76% | 32.50% | -6.74% | 32.51% | -6.75% | 21.11% | 31.83% | -10.72% | | |
| County East | 20.27% | 26.32% | -6.05% | 26.33% | -6.06% | 16.92% | 24.81% | -7.88% | | |
| Bassetlaw | 21.12% | 25.69% | -4.57% | 25.70% | -4.58% | 17.46% | 24.10% | -6.64% | | |
| Newark & Sherwood | 19.24% | 27.16% | -7.91% | 27.17% | -7.92% | 16.29% | 25.71% | -9.42% | | |
| County South | 20.15% | 23.37% | -3.22% | 23.38% | -3.23% | 17.17% | 21.25% | -4.08% | | |
| Broxtowe | 21.35% | 23.95% | -2.60% | 23.96% | -2.61% | 19.23% | 21.63% | -2.40% | | |
| Gedling | 23.54% | 24.62% | -1.08% | 24.63% | -1.09% | 16.76% | 22.73% | -5.97% | | |
| Rushcliffe | 14.98% | 20.67% | -5.69% | 20.68% | -5.70% | 15.12% | 18.46% | -3.34% | | |
| City Division | 20.42% | 24.92% | -4.50% | 24.93% | -4.51% | 17.23% | 24.22% | -6.99% | | |
| City Central | 14.89% | 21.92% | -7.03% | 21.93% | -7.04% | 13.74% | 20.48% | -6.74% | | |
| City Centre | 29.46% | 36.03% | -6.57% | 36.04% | -6.58% | 26.84% | 34.58% | -7.74% | | |
| City North | 18.43% | 23.56% | -5.13% | 23.57% | -5.14% | 16.80% | 23.75% | -6.95% | | |
| City South | 21.70% | 19.47% | 2.23% | 19.48% | 2.22% | 13.26% | 19.65% | -6.39% | | |

1.8 Use of Community Resolutions

| | 2015/16 | % Prop of total | 2014/15 | % Prop of total |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|
| Cautions | 338 | 10.93% | 454 | 12.33% |
| Charge / Summons | 2130 | 68.87% | 2256 | 61.29% |
| Community Resolution | 464 | 15.00% | 664 | 18.04% |
| Other | 70 | 2.26% | 217 | 5.90% |
| Penalty Notice for Crime | 25 | 0.81% | 43 | 1.17% |
| TIC not previously recorded | 1 | 0.03% | 1 | 0.03% |
| TIC previously recorded | 65 | 2.10% | 46 | 1.25% |
| Total | 3093 | - | 3681 | - |

1.8 Breakdown of Outcome Codes

| | Year-to-date performance |
|---|--------------------------|
| | 2015/16 |
| 01. Charged/Summons | 2130 |
| 02. Caution - Youths | 53 |
| 03. Caution - Adults | 285 |
| 04. Taken Into Consideration | 66 |
| 06. Penalty Notices For Disorder | 25 |
| 07. Cannabis Warning | 70 |
| 08. Community Resolution | 464 |
| 09. Prosecution Not In The Public Interest (CPS) | 110 |
| 10. Action Not In The Public Interest (Police) | 265 |
| 11. Named Suspect below the age of criminal responsibility | 13 |
| 12. Named suspect too ill (physical or mental health) to prosec | 39 |
| 13. Named suspect but victim/key witness is dead or too ill | 17 |
| 14. Victim declines/unable to ID suspect | 136 |
| 15. Victim supports but evidential difficulties prevent further | 1018 |
| 16. Victim does not support/withdraws support | 1072 |
| 17. Prosecution time limit expired | 21 |
| 18. Investigation Complete: No suspect identified | 5953 |
| Total | 11737 |

OFFICIAL - SENSITIVE

1.9 The number of alcohol-related crimes

| | | Year-to-date performance | | | Month-to-date per | | | e performance |
|-----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Change | Percentage Change | May 2015 | May 2014 | Volume Change | Percentage Change |
| All Crime | 12,908 | 11,830 | 1,078 | 9.1% | 6,652 | 6,117 | 535 | 8.7% |
| Alcohol-related | 1,745 | 1,585 | 160 | 10.1% | 894 | 824 | 70 | 8.5% |
| % Alcohol-related | 13.5% | 13.4% | | 0.1% | 13.4% | 13.5% | | 0.0% |
| Victim-Based Crime | 11,501 | 10,559 | 942 | 8.9% | 5,958 | 5,445 | 513 | 9.4% |
| Alcohol-related | 1,542 | 1,405 | 137 | 9.8% | 785 | 723 | 62 | 8.6% |
| % Alcohol-related | 13.4% | 13.3% | | 0.1% | 13.2% | 13.3% | | -0.1% |
| Violence Against the Person | 3,364 | 2,508 | 856 | 34.1% | 1,750 | 1,303 | 447 | 34.3% |
| Alcohol-related | 719 | 626 | 93 | 14.9% | 345 | 334 | 11 | 3.3% |
| % Alcohol-related | 21.4% | 25.0% | | -3.6% | 19.7% | 25.6% | | -5.9% |
| Anti-Social Behaviour | 6,376 | 6,865 | -489 | -7.1% | 3,221 | 3,560 | -339 | -9.5% |
| Alcohol-related | 917 | 906 | 11 | 1.2% | 497 | 472 | 25 | 5.3% |
| % Alcohol-related | 14.4% | 13.2% | | 1.2% | 15.4% | 13.3% | | 2.2% |

1.11 To monitor the number of production and supply of drugs

| | | Ye | ar-to-date ¡ | performance | | Та | ret Position | Month-to-date performa | | | performance |
|------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2015/16 | 2014/15 | Volume Change | Percentage Change | Current Target | Difference from Target | Difference | | May 2014 | Volume Change | Percentage Change |
| Possession | 388 | 535 | -147 | -27.48% | 534 | -146 | -27.34% | 198 | 270 | -72 | -26.67% |
| Production | 46 | 53 | -7 | -13.21% | 52 | -6 | -11.54% | 19 | 29 | -10 | -34.48% |
| Supply | 148 | 57 | 91 | 159.65% | 56 | 92 | 164.29% | 93 | 37 | 56 | 151.35% |
| Sum: | 582 | 645 | -63 | -9.77% | 642 | -60 | -9.63% | 310 | 336 | -26 | -7.74% |

| For Information / Consideration / Comment / Decision (delete as appropriate) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Public | | | |
| Strategic Resources and Performance Meeting | | | |
| | | | |
| Andrea Naylor | | | |
| Andrea Naylor | | | |
| Andrea.naylor11009@Nottinghamshire.pnn.police.uk | | | |
| | | | |
| 07 | | | |
| | | | |

^{*}If Non Public, please state under which category number from the guidance in the space provided.

Finance Performance & Insight Report

1. Purpose of the Report

1.1 The purpose of this report is to inform the Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (OPCC) of the key financial performance headlines for Nottinghamshire Police.

2. Recommendations

2.1 It is recommended that the contents of the attached report at Appendix A are noted.

2.3 **Background**

The full year net revenue budget for 2015-16 is £191.200m. This is split Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner (OPCC) £4.725m and the Force Budget £186.475m.

3. Reasons for Recommendations

3.1 To ensure that the OPCC is aware of the current budget performance in line with the Force priorities.

4. Summary of Key Points (this should include background information and options appraisal if applicable)

- 4.1 Expenditure for the quarter ended 30th June 2015 was £52.561m, which was £0.810m worse than budget.
- 4.2 Police officer pay for the quarter ended 30th June 2015 was £26.521m, which was £0.152m better than budget. This was largely due to savings on salaries and pensions. Overtime was £0.857m, which was £0.039m worse than budget.

- 4.3 Police staff pay for the quarter ended 30th June 2015 was £13.058m, which was £0.208m worse than budget. This was largely due to the efficiency challenge included in the budget and agency staff costs. Overtime was £0.180m which was slightly better than budget.
- 4.4 Transport costs were £0.120m worse than budget which is largely due to the phasing of the fleet review efficiency which was £0.133m.
- 4.5 Delivering the Future (DtF) is the Force's programme to transform the Force with the aim of being the best performing force in England and Wales by doing things differently and building a sustainable policing model for the communities in Nottinghamshire, whilst addressing the financial challenges.
- 4.6 The efficiency achieved for the quarter ended 30th June 2015 was £0.753m, which was £0.596m adverse. Details can be found in Appendix A.

5. Financial Implications and Budget Provision

5.1 The financial information relating to this item is contained within Appendix A.

6. Human Resources Implications

6.1 There are no immediate Human Resource implications arising from this report.

7. Equality Implications

7.1 There are no equality implications arising from this report.

8. Risk Management

8.1 Please see attached Appendix A.

9. Policy Implications and links to the Police and Crime Plan Priorities

9.1 There are no policy implications arising from this report.

10. Changes in Legislation or other Legal Considerations

10.1 There are no changes in legislation or other legal considerations that are relevant to this report.

11. Details of outcome of consultation

11.1 The figures included in this report are presented to the Force Executive Board on a monthly basis.

12. Appendices

12.1 Appendix A – FEB P&I report to June 2015

13. Background Papers (relevant for Police and Crime Panel Only)

NΒ

See guidance on public access to meetings and information about meetings for guidance on non-public information and confidential information.



Performance & Insight Report

Performance to June 2015



Financials



105.637 3.245 48.673 0.632 0.787 **158.974**

> 5.960 5.854 5.939 0.447 4.612 6.679 14.567

203.033

(11.833)

191.200

| Month | | | | |
|--------|--------|------------|--|--|
| | | B/(w) than | | |
| Actual | Budget | Budget | | |
| £m | £m | £m | | |

| | Year to date | | |
|--------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| | | B/(w) than | Full Year |
| Actual | Budget | Budget | Budget |
| £m | £m | £m | £m |

| 20.002 | 19.630 | (0.372) |
|---------|---------|---------|
| (1.072) | (1.538) | (0.466) |
| 21.073 | 21.168 | 0.095 |
| 7.775 | 7.825 | 0.051 |
| 5.648 | 5.597 | (0.051) |
| 0.513 | 0.541 | 0.028 |
| (0.256) | 0.139 | 0.395 |
| 0.113 | 0.027 | (0.087) |
| 0.595 | 0.491 | (0.104) |
| 0.513 | 0.495 | (0.018) |
| 0.648 | 0.535 | (0.113) |
| 13.299 | 13.342 | 0.044 |
| 0.113 | 0.070 | (0.044) |
| 0.032 | 0.031 | (0.001) |
| 4.191 | 4.221 | 0.031 |
| 0.203 | 0.158 | (0.046) |
| 8.759 | 8.863 | 0.104 |
| | | |

| Total pay & allowances | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Police pay & allowances | 26.521 | 26.673 | 0.152 |
| Police overtime | 0.857 | 0.818 | (0.039) |
| Police staff pay & allowances | 13.058 | 12.850 | (0.208) |
| Police staff overtime | 0.180 | 0.181 | 0.001 |
| Other employee expenses | 0.217 | 0.199 | (0.019) |
| | 40.834 | 40.720 | (0.114) |
| Other operating expenses | | | |
| Premises costs | 1.716 | 1.612 | (0.104) |
| Transport costs | 1.620 | 1.500 | (0.120) |
| Comms & computing | 1.551 | 1.477 | (0.074) |
| Clothing, uniform & laundry | 0.177 | 0.095 | (0.082) |
| Other supplies & services | 0.624 | 0.777 | 0.154 |
| Collaboration contributions | 1.711 | 1.728 | 0.017 |
| Other | 7.341 | 7.304 | (0.037) |
| | 14.739 | 14.493 | (0.247) |
| Total expenditure | 55.573 | 55.213 | (0.360) |
| Income | (3.012) | (3.462) | (0.450) |
| _ | 52.561 | 51.751 | (0.810) |

Financials



Month: £20.002m against a budget of £19.630m (£0.372m adverse)

Year to date: £52.561m against a budget of £51.751m (£0.810m adverse)

Full year budget: £191.200m

Month:

Expenditure was £0.372m worse than budget. This was largely due to income being lower than expected, this is mainly down to a timing issue which will be rephased in the Q1 forecast.

Police officer pay was £8.759m, which was £0.104m better than budget which was largely due to pensions and officers leavers/retirees being higher than budgeted. Overtime was £0.203m, which was £0.046m worse than budget.

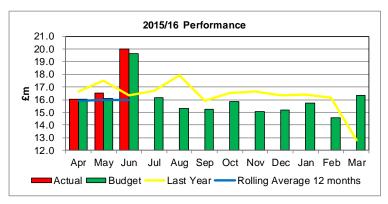
Police staff pay was £4.191m, which was £0.031m better than budget. This is due to the quarter end capitalisation of salary costs for areas such as NICHE.

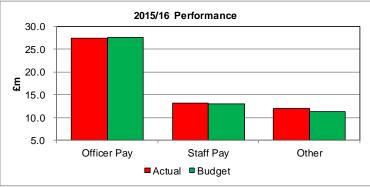
Year to date:

Police officer pay was £26.521m, which was £0.152m better than budget which was due to savings on salaries and pensions. Overtime was £0.857m, which was £0.039m worse than budget.

Police staff pay was £13.058m, which was £0.208m worse than budget largely due to the efficiency challenge included within the budget and agency staff costs which are currently being investigated. Overtime was £0.180m which was slightly better than budget.

Transport costs were £0.120m worse than budget which is largely due to the phasing of the fleet review efficiency which was £0.133m.





Operations



Month: £11.419m against a budget of £11.385m (£0.035m adverse)

Year to date: £36.339m against a budget of £35.934m (£0.406m adverse)

Full year budget: £142.866m

Month:

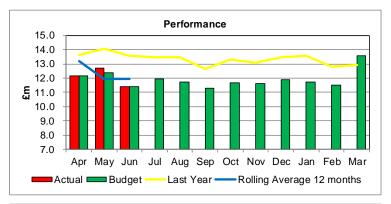
The £0.035m worse than budget performance was a mix between overspends within Police Officer and Staff pay offset against the centralised costs being corrected within the month that related to April & May.

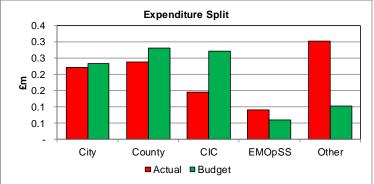
Income in the month was £0.371m lower than expected, this is mainly down to a timing issue which will be rephased accordingly in the Q1 forecast.

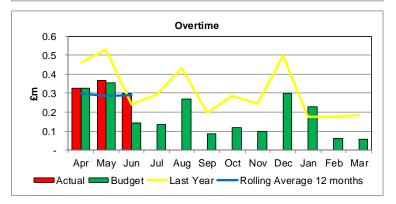
Year to date:

The £0.406m worse than budget performance was mainly due to police officer salaries and staff. The payroll costs are being investigated as there could be some costs that should be charged to seconded officers.

With the move to the MFSS more costs are being centralised such as property, transport and IS. Currently a number of these costs are still residing within Operations and whilst most were corrected in June a few remain which are being reviewed and corrected for July. The credit is Other supplies & services relates to partnership grants and is being reviewed.







Corporate Services



Month: £8.613m against a budget of £8.128m (£0.485m adverse)

Year to date: £16.073m against a budget of £15.196m (£0.877m adverse)

Full year budget: £43.610m

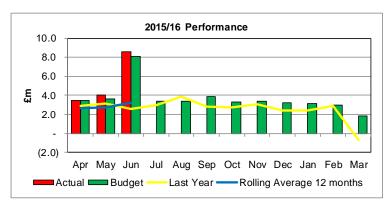
Month:

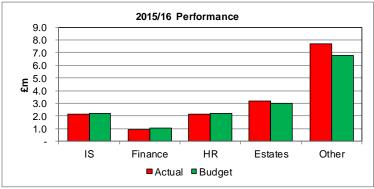
The £0.485m worse than budget performance was predominantly an overspend across Other Operating expenses, the majority of this shows in transport costs, and was due to budgets and actuals not being aligned, the true transport overspend across the force is £18k.

Year to date:

The £0.877m worse than budget performance was due to staff salaries which is mainly agency and not achieving the efficiency challenge.

With the move to the MFSS more costs are being centralised such as property, transport and IS. Currently a number of these costs are still residing within Operations and will be corrected in June. The overspend in Other supplies & services is largely due to efficiency challenges that were not achieved.





Overtime



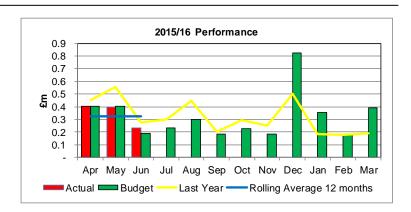
Month: £0.235m against a budget of £0.189m (£0.047m adverse)

Year to date: £1.037m against a budget of £0.999m (£0.038m adverse)

Full year budget: £3.877m

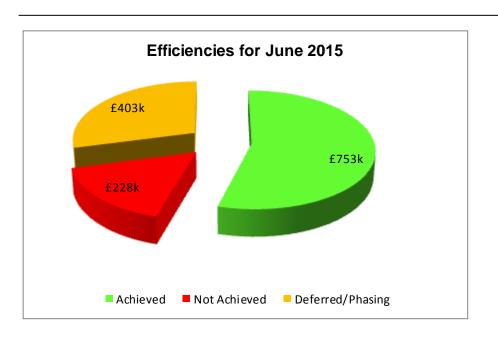
Officer overtime expenditure year to date was £0.857m, which is an over spend of £0.039m against a budget of £0.818m. This is better than at the same point last year.

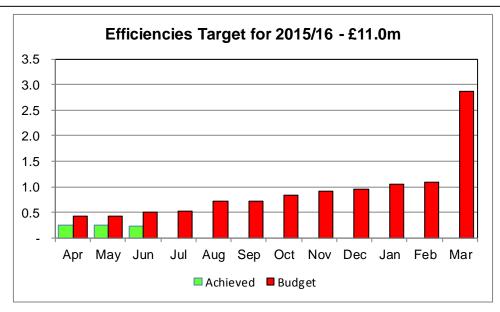
Staff overtime expenditure year to date was £0.180m, which is an under spend of £0.001m against a budget of £0.181m.

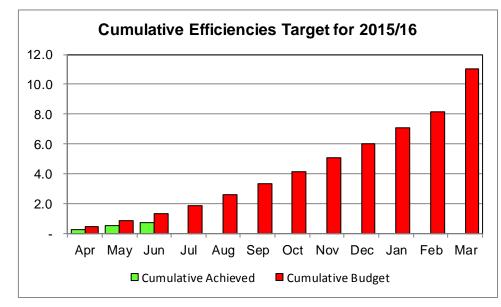


Efficiencies









| For Consideration | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Public/Non Public | Public | | | |
| Report to: | Strategic Resources & Performance | | | |
| Date of Meeting: | 29 July 2015 | | | |
| Report of: | The Chief Executive | | | |
| Report Author: | Alison Fawley | | | |
| E-mail: | alison.fawely@nottscc.gov.uk | | | |
| Other Contacts: | | | | |
| Agenda Item: | 08 | | | |

WORK PROGRAMME

1. Purpose of the Report

1.1 To provide a programme of work and timetable of meetings for the Strategic Resources and Performance meeting

2. Recommendations

2.1 To consider and make recommendations on items in the work plan and to note the timetable of meetings

3. Reasons for Recommendations

3.1 To enable the meeting to manage its programme of work.

4. Summary of Key Points

4.1 The meeting has a number of responsibilities within its terms of reference. Having a work plan ensures that it carries out its duties whilst managing the level of work at each meeting.

5. Financial Implications and Budget Provision

5.1 None as a direct result of this report

6. Human Resources Implications

6.1 None as a direct result of this report

7. Equality Implications

7.1 None as a direct result of this report

8. Risk Management

8.1 None as a direct result of this report

9. Policy Implications and links to the Police and Crime Plan Priorities

9.1 This report meets the requirements of the Terms of Reference of the meeting and therefore supports the work that ensures that the Police and Crime Plan is delivered.

10. Changes in Legislation or other Legal Considerations

10.1 None as a direct result of this report

11. Details of outcome of consultation

11.1 None as a direct result of this report

12. Appendices

12.1 Work Plan and schedule of meetings

Strategic Resources and Performance Meeting Work Programme

| | <u>ITEM</u> | FREQUENCY | LEAD OFFICER |
|---|--|---------------------|---------------|
| | September 2015 | | |
| 1 | Chairs' meeting | | |
| 2 | Chief Constable's Update Report | Every other meeting | Force |
| 3 | Update on statement of accounts – verbal update | Annually | |
| 4 | (52) Engagement and consultation monitoring, analysis and reporting | Annually | |
| 5 | (67) Public Protection and Safeguarding reports | 6 monthly | |
| 6 | Police and Crime Plan 2015/16 Monitoring report | 6 monthly | Phil Gilbert |
| 7 | (37) Report on delivery against the Police and Crime Plan 2014/15 | 6 monthly | Phil Gilbert |
| 8 | Planned implementation of PBS Report (Governance, progress and | | Force |
| | savings) | | |
| 9 | Workforce planning | 6 monthly | |
| | | | |
| | Standard items:- | | |
| | Performance Scorecard – Executive Summary | Every meeting | Force |
| | (15) Updates on Medium Term Financial Plan | Every meeting | |
| | (18) & (19) Revenue Budget Monitoring and Forecast (summarising | Every meeting | Force |
| | approved virements) and Capital Budget Monitoring and Forecast | | |
| | (summarising approved virements) – Financial Performance & Insight | | |
| | report | | |
| | November 2015 | | |
| 1 | Topic based presentation | | |
| 2 | (24) Produce a summary set of accounts for publication | Annual | |
| 3 | (30) Treasury Update – 6 monthly update | 6 monthly | |
| 4 | (38) Reports and information to support updates for monitoring the Police and Crime Plan | 6 monthly | |
| 5 | (65) Savings report to meet financial deficit (efficiency savings report) | Annually | ACO Resources |
| | | | |

| | <u>ITEM</u> | FREQUENCY | LEAD OFFICER |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------|
| | Standard items:- | | |
| | Performance Scorecard – Executive Summary | Every meeting | Force |
| | (15) Updates on Medium Term Financial Plan | Every meeting | |
| | (18) & (19) Revenue Budget Monitoring and Forecast (summarising approved virements) and Capital Budget Monitoring and Forecast (summarising approved virements) – Financial Performance & Insight report | Every meeting | Force |
| | January 2016 | | |
| 1 | Topic based presentation | | |
| 2 | Chief Constable's Update Report | Every other meeting | Force |
| 3 | Partnership Strategic Assessment (Notts Police & Crime Needs Assessment) | Annually | OPCC |
| 4 | Police and Crime Plan Refresh | Annually | OPCC |
| | | | |
| | Standard items:- | | |
| | Performance Scorecard – Executive Summary | Every meeting | Force |
| | (15) Updates on Medium Term Financial Plan | Every meeting | |
| | (18) Revenue Budget Monitoring and Forecast (summarising approved virements) | Every meeting | Force |
| | (19) Capital Budget Monitoring and Forecast (summarising approved virements) | Every meeting | Force |