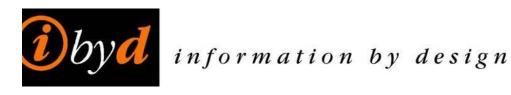


Nottinghamshire Police and Crime Survey 2020-21 Quarter 3

December 2020





Introduction and Methodology

- □ 'Top-line' results from the Nottinghamshire Police and Crime Survey to December 2020 conducted by Information by Design for Nottinghamshire PCC
- □ Fieldwork was conducted between 22 November and 20 December 2020 in conditions compliant with the Market Research Society code of practice under the period of Coronavirus Restrictions
- □ The survey was undertaken using an 'assisted self-completion' method, with a team of fieldwork staff working across selected LSOAs. One in eight LSOAs were selected from each of the following geographic areas:
 - Nottingham
 - South Nottinghamshire comprising Gedling, Broxtowe and Rushcliffe
 - Bassetlaw, Newark and Sherwood
 - Mansfield and Ashfield
- □ The survey has achieved a sample of 4,299 respondents over the latest year broken down as follows:-

Area	Local Authority	2018-19 * Unweighted Count	2019-20 * Unweighted Count	2019-20 Q4 Unweighted Count	2020-21 Q1 Unweighted Count	2020-21 Q2 Unweighted Count	2020-21 Q3 Unweighted Count	Latest year Unweighted Count
Bassetlaw, Newark and Sherwood	Bassetlaw	533	542	165	144	136	130	575
	Newark and Sherwood	548	535	105	126	132	136	499
	Total	1,081	1,077	270	270	268	266	1,074
Mansfield and Ashfield	Ashfield	568	529	141	135	123	126	525
	Mansfield	563	547	129	135	145	140	549
	Total	1,131	1,076	270	270	268	266	1,074
Nottingham	Nottingham	1,066	1,075	270	270	268	265	1,073
South Notts	Broxtowe	358	364	92	80	88	94	354
	Gedling	411	382	84	90	101	92	367
	Rushcliffe	336	331	94	100	79	84	357
	Total	1,105	1,077	270	270	268	270	1,078

^{*} financial years



Fieldwork Periods

Wave	Start Date	End Date	Financial year	
Spring 2018	26 th May 2018	17 th June 2018	2018-19	
Summer 2018	25 th August 2018	30th September 2018	2018-19	
Autumn 2018	31st October 2018	6 th January 2019	2018-19	
Winter 2018-9	2 nd February 2019	17 th February 2019	2018-19	
Spring 2019	14 th April 2019	2 nd June 2019	2019-20	
Summer 2019	18 th August 2019	21st September 2019	2019-20	
Autumn 2019	26 th November 2019	21st December 2019	2019-20	
Winter 2019-20	22 nd February 2020	11 th March 2020	2019-20	
Spring 2020**	16 th August 2020	24th October 2020	2020-21**	
Summer 2020**	16 th August 2020	24th October 2020	2020-21**	
Autumn 2020	22 nd November 2020	20th December 2020	2020-21	

^{**} Fieldwork delay on account of Coronavirus Restrictions. Conduced concurrently in Summer / Autumn 2020





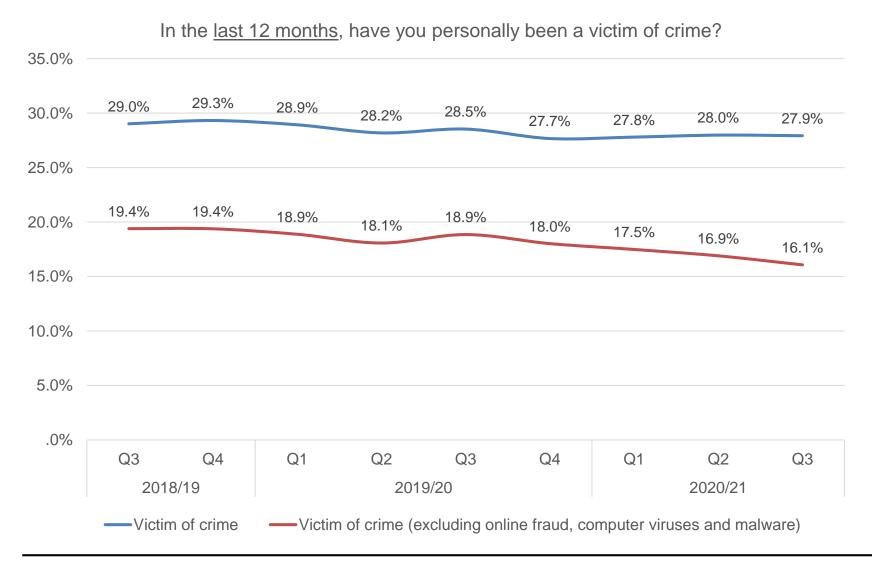




Experience of Crime and ASB

Nottinghamshire Police and Crime Survey 2020/21 Quarter 3

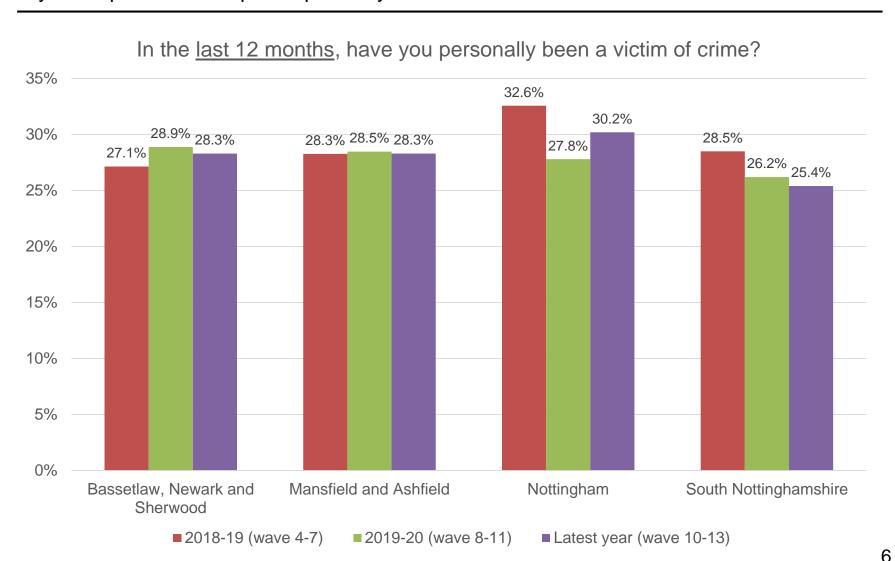
In the latest year, **28%** of respondents had been victim of a crime over the last 12 year, marking no significant change on the previous year. When online fraud and computer misuse offences are excluded, the prevalence of crime has fallen by 2.8% pts to **16%**.





Base: 2018-19 = 4,251, 2019-20 = 4,212, Latest 12 months = 4,200 Q: In the <u>last 12 months</u>, have you personally been a victim of any of the following crime types?

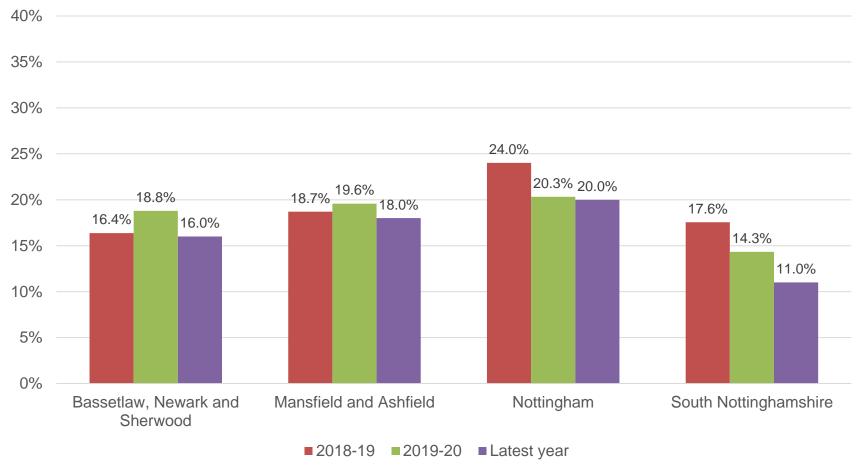
In the latest period, respondents from Nottingham were most likely to have been a victim of crime (30.2%). The prevalence of crime in Nottingham and South Nottinghamshire has fallen by 2.4% pts and 3.1% pts respectively since 2018-19.





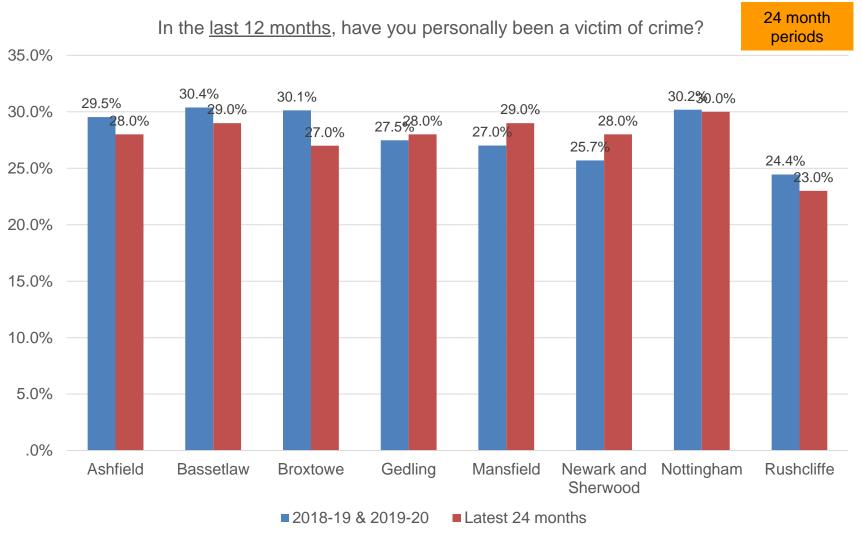
When online fraud and computer misuse are excluded, respondents from Nottingham (20%) and Mansfield and Ashfield (18%) were most likely to have been a victim of crime. South Nottinghamshire has seen the most significant reduction (-6.6% pts) since 2018/19.

In the <u>last 12 months</u>, have you personally been a victim of crime? (excluding online fraud and computer viruses or malware)



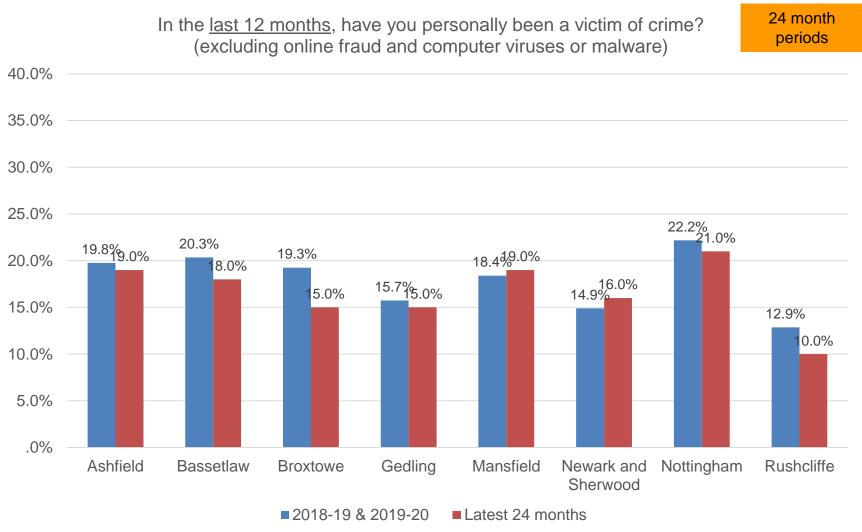


Local Authority data based on a rolling 24 month period shows that Broxtowe (-3.1% pts), Rushcliffe (-1.4% pts) and Ashfield (-1.5% pts) saw notable reductions in the prevalence of crime over the latest comparison period to December 2020.





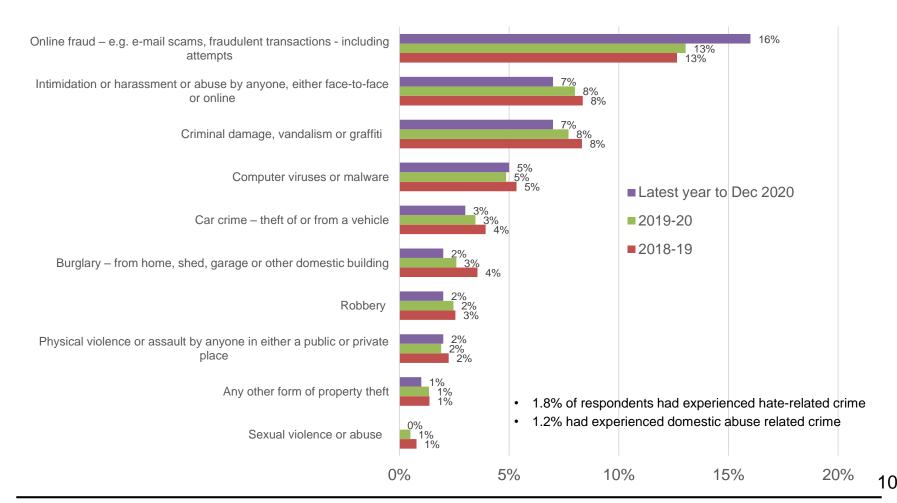
When online fraud and computer misuse are excluded, Broxtowe (-4.3% pts), Rushcliffe (-2.9% pts) and Bassetlaw (-2.3% pts) have seen the most notable reductions in prevalence of crime since March 2020.





Online fraud remains the most commonly experienced crime among respondents. Prevalence of online fraud has increased by a further 2.7% pts since March 2020, while most traditional crime categories have seen year on year reductions in prevalence.

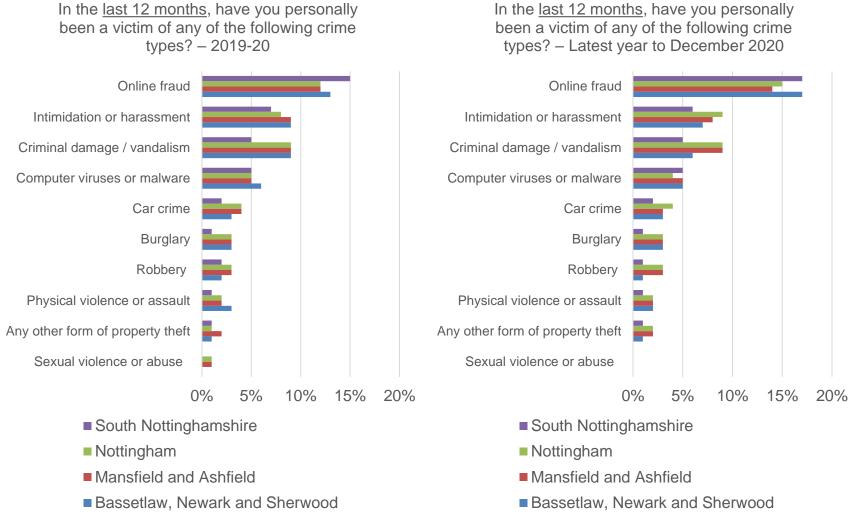
In the <u>last 12 months</u>, have you personally been a victim of any of the following crime types?



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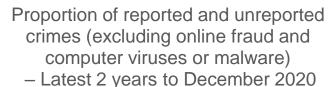
Base: 2018-19 = 4,251, 2019-20 = 4,212, Latest 12 months to December 2020 = 4,200 Q: In the last 12 months, have you personally been a victim of any of the following crime types?

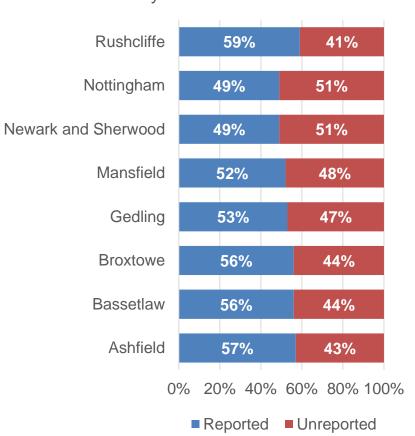
Online fraud remains the most commonly experienced crime type across all Community Safety Partnership areas, and remains highest in South Nottinghamshire (17%) and Bassetlaw, Newark and Sherwood (17%).





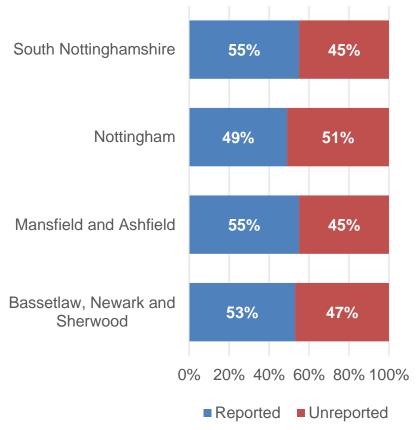
In the latest two years, 52.4% of crimes (excluding online and computer viruses or malware) went on to be reported to the police. This varies by area and crime type, with reporting rates being lowest in Nottingham and Newark and Sherwood (49%).





Proportion of reported and unreported crimes (excluding online fraud and computer viruses or malware)

– Latest 2 years to December 2020

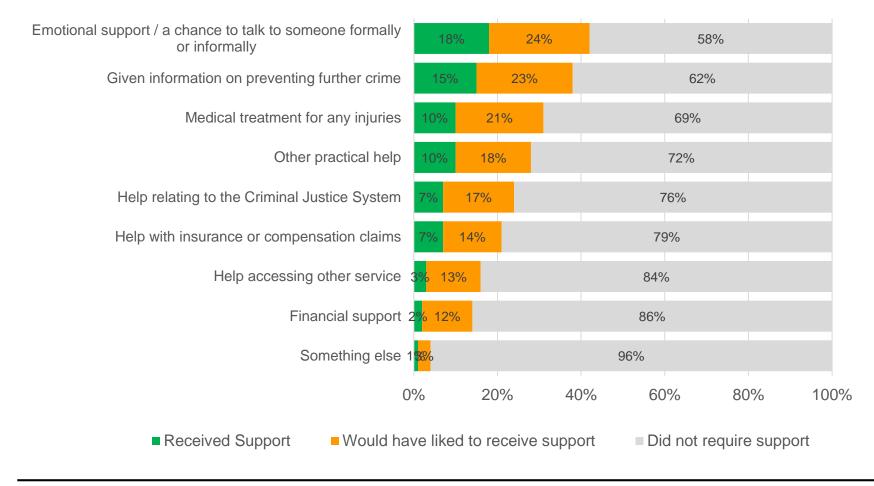


Base: Ashfield = 154, Bassetlaw = 142, Broxtowe = 107, Gedling = 109, Mansfield = 136, Newark & Sherwood = 119, Nottingham = 464, Rushcliffe = 81 Q: In the last 12 months, **how many times** have you personally been a victim of the following crime types?



In the last 12 months, 35% of those who had been victims of crime had received some form of information, advice or support, which was similar to the level in 2019/20 (37%). 40% identified support that they did not receive but would have liked to (45% in 2019/20)

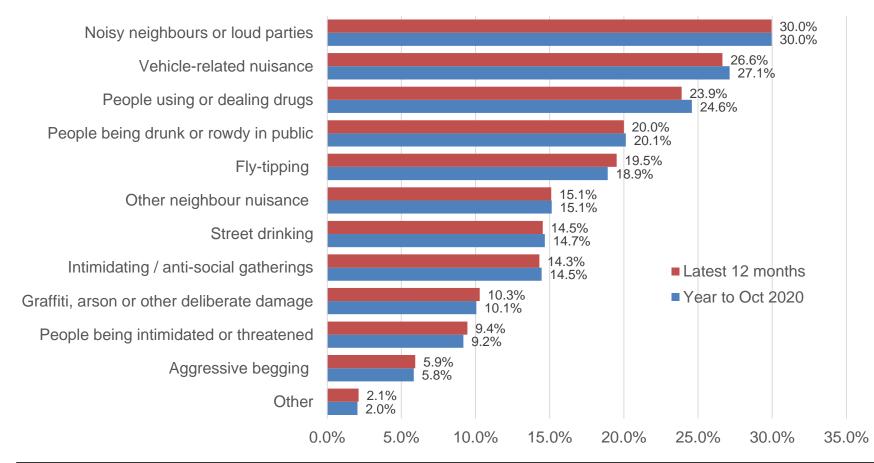
Did you receive any of the following types of information, advice or support when you were the victim of this crime?





Prevalence of 'noisy neighbours or loud parties' has became the top ASB category personally experienced by respondents over the last 12 months. The proportion of people citing 'people using or dealing drugs' as an issue has reduced over the last year.

Which of the following types of anti-social behaviour (ASB), if any, have you personally experienced **in your local neighbourhood** over the last 12 months?

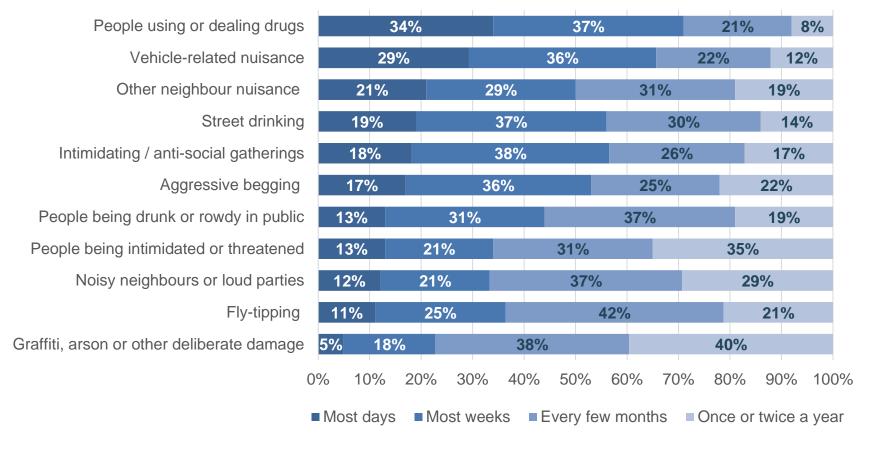




Base: Year to Oct 2020 = 3,840 - 3,874, Latest 12 months = 3,916 - 3,942 Q: Which of the following types of anti-social behaviour (ASB), if any, have you personally experienced **in your local neighbourhood** over the last 12 months?

People using or dealing drugs remains the ASB issue that occurs most frequently among the areas affected, however frequency is reducing. In the latest year, 71% of affected areas said that this happens on at least a weekly basis, down from 73% in the year to Oct 2020.

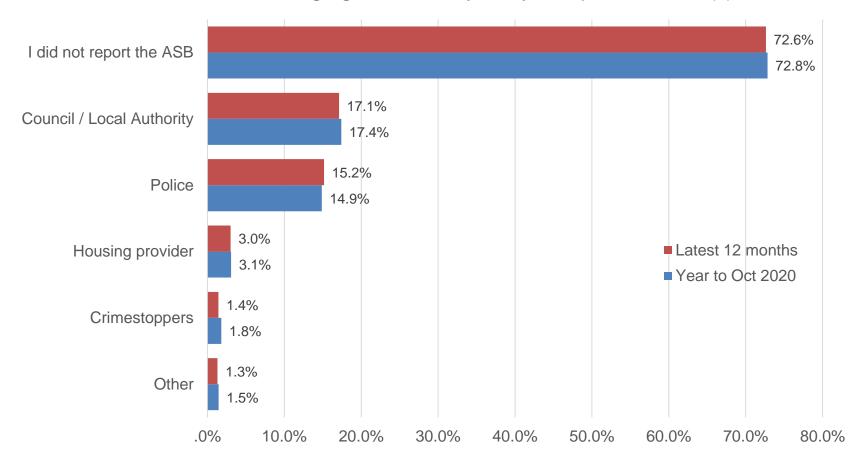
If you have experienced one or more types of ASB, please indicate how often this has happened





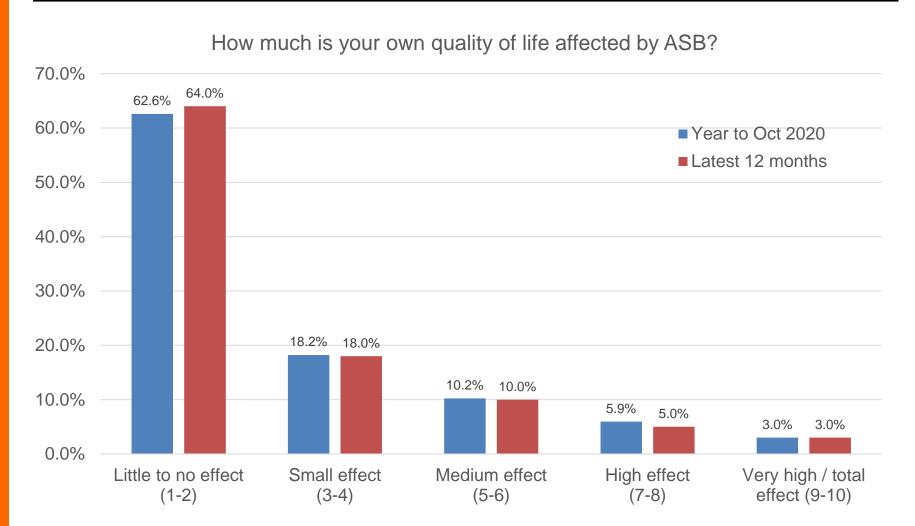
73% of respondents who had personally experienced ASB in their local neighbourhood over the last year did not report it, while around 17% reported the issue to their local authority and 15% reported the issue to **the** police.

If you have experienced one or more forms of ASB over the last year, which of the following agencies, if any, did you report the issue(s) to?





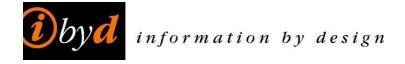
The ASB experienced by respondents was felt to have had 'little or no effect' on their quality of life in 64% of cases, while only 3% of respondents reported that the ASB significantly impacted upon their quality of life (score of 9 or 10).









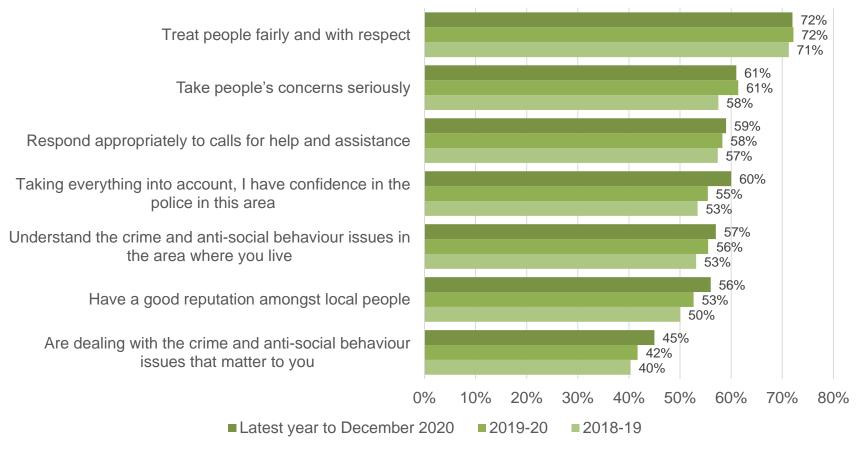


Trust and Confidence in Policing

Nottinghamshire
Police and Crime Survey
2020/21 Quarter 3

The majority of indicators of public confidence in the police are increasing – particularly since March 2020. 72% agree that the police in their local area treat people fairly and with respect and 59% report having confidence in their local police (excludes 'don't know).

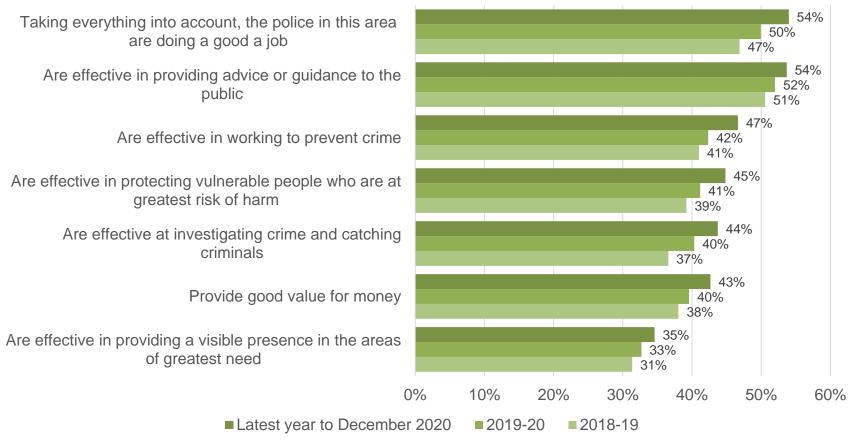
Please say how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about the police in your local area: - Strongly Agree & Agree – Excluding 'Don't know'





Among the indicators of public confidence, respondents remain least likely to agree that the police are providing a visible presence in the areas of greatest need (34.6%), however perceptions of this have been improving since 2018/19 (31.4%). NB. Excludes 'don't know'

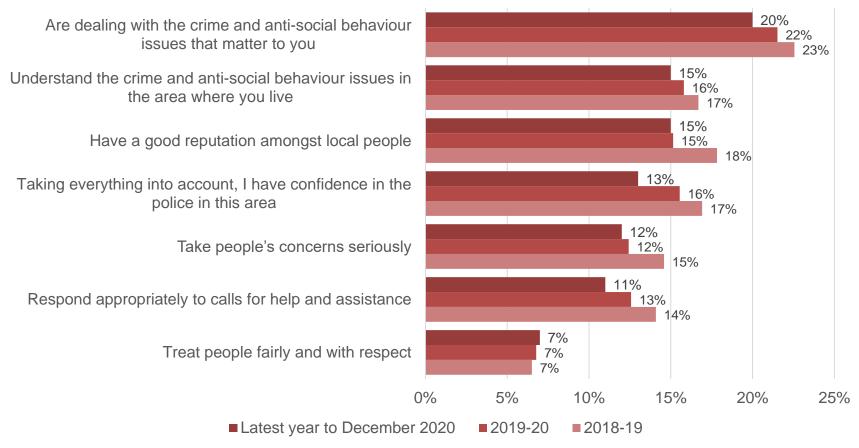
Please say how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about the police in your local area: - **Strongly Agree & Agree** – Excluding 'Don't know'





The proportion of respondents feeling that they **do not** have confidence in the police has fallen from 17% to 13% since 2018/19. Reductions in disagreement with the statements have been seen across almost all public confidence indicators N.B. Excludes 'don't know'

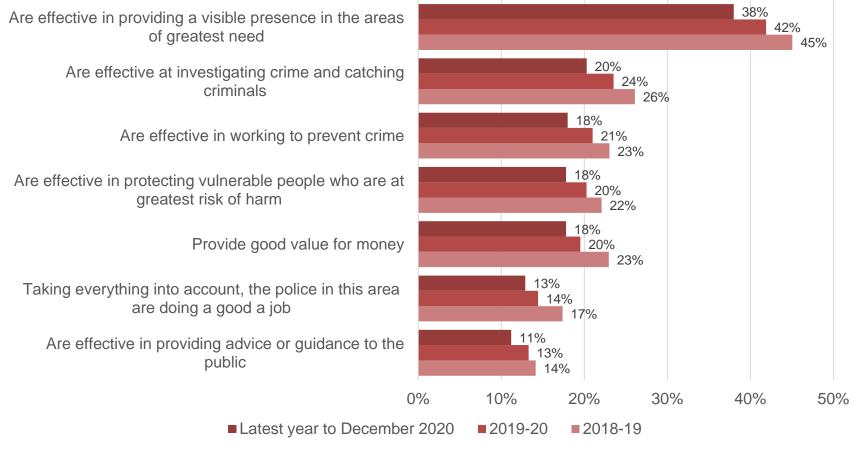
Please say how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about the police in your local area: - **Strongly Disagree & Disagree** – Excluding 'Don't know'





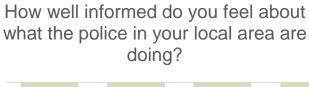
The proportion of respondents that feel the police are not effective in providing a visible presence in the area of greatest need has fallen from 45% in 2018/19 to 38% in the latest year. Reductions in negative perceptions have been seen across all indicators.

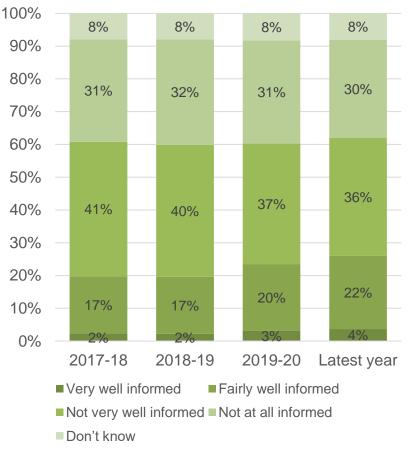
Please say how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about the police in your local area: - **Strongly Disagree & Disagree** – Excluding 'Don't know'



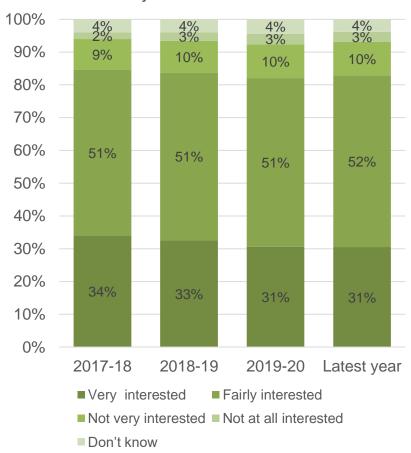


In the latest year to December 2020, 26% of respondents felt well informed about what the police are doing in their local area, continuing the upward trend seen since 2018/19. The proportion reporting that are interested in policing activity in their area remains high (83%).





How interested, if at all, are you in knowing what the police are doing in your local area?

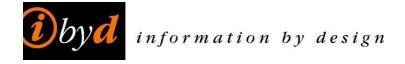


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Base: 2017-18 = 3,172, 2018-19 = 4,127, 2019-20 = 4,102, Last 12 months = 4,110 Q: How well informed do you feel about what the police in your local area are doing?/ Base: 2017-18 = 3,169, 2018-19 - 4,157, 2019-20 = 4,060, Last 12 months 4,084 Q: How interested, if at all, are you in knowing what the police are doing in your local area?





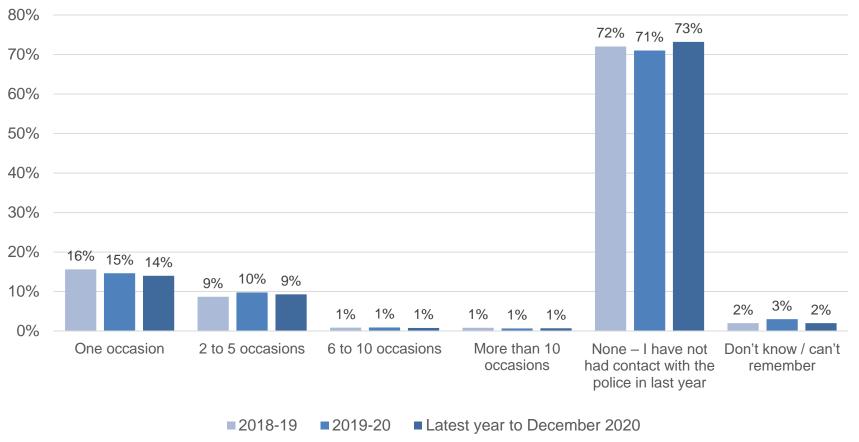


Public contact and Satisfaction with Policing

Nottinghamshire
Police and Crime Survey
2020/21 Quarter 3

24.8% of respondents reported having had contact Nottinghamshire Police over the last 12 months. This has remained relatively stable over the last three years.

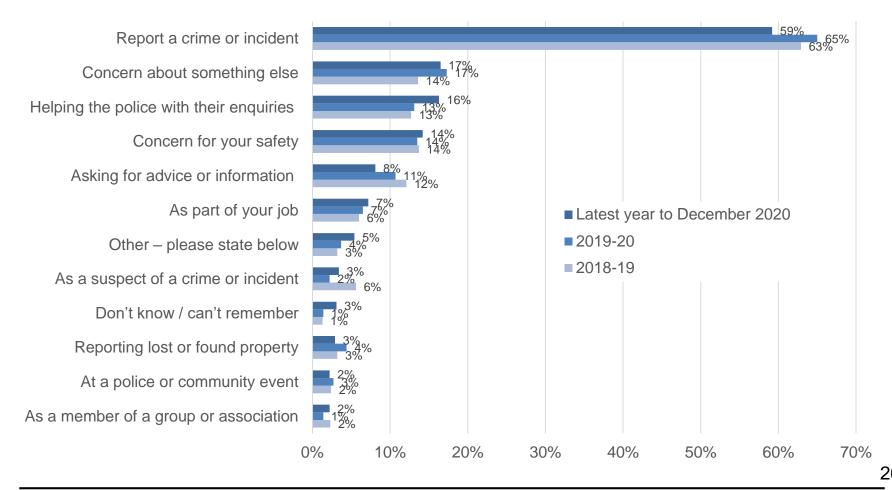






Of the 25% of respondents that reported having had contact with the police in the last 12 months, 59% had done so to report a crime or incident. This has fallen from 65% in 2019/20.

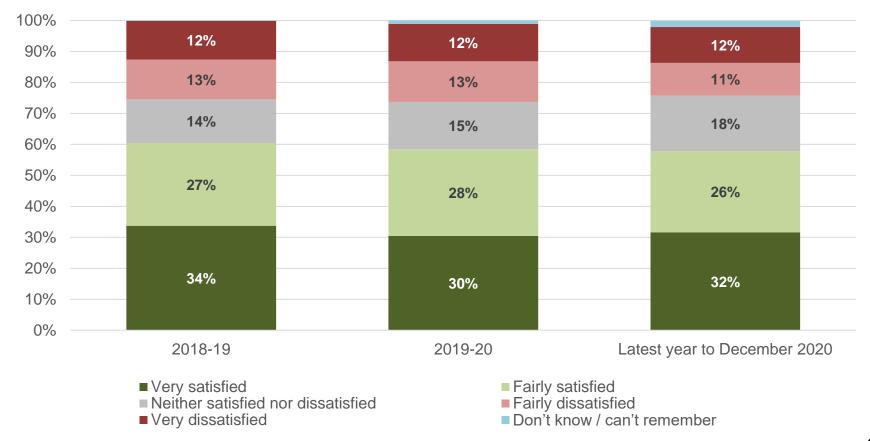
Thinking back to the occasions that you have had contact with the police over the last 12 months, what were the reasons?





Of those that have had contact with Nottinghamshire Police over the last year, 58% were satisfied with the service they received whilst 23% were dissatisfied. The proportion that report being neither satisfied or dissatisfied (18%) has been increasing since 2018/19.

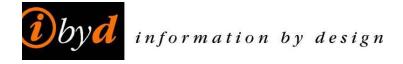
Thinking back to the last occasion that you had contact with Nottinghamshire Police, overall how satisfied or dissatisfied were you with the service you received?









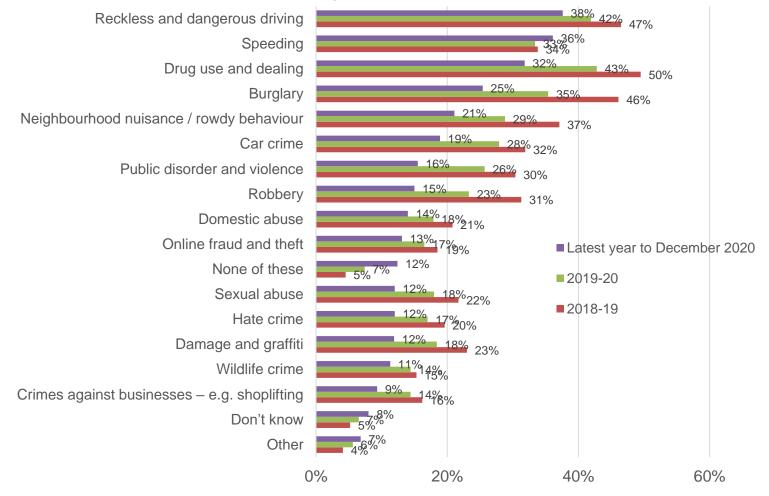


Local Priorities for Policing

Nottinghamshire
Police and Crime Survey
2020/21 Quarter 3

Reckless and dangerous driving and speeding are now the main crime / community safety issues that respondents would like to see tackled in their area. The proportion wanting to see more done to tackle drug use and dealing has fallen from 50% to 32% since 2018/19.

Are there any specific crime or anti-social behaviour issues that you would like to see the police and other agencies do more to tackle in your area?

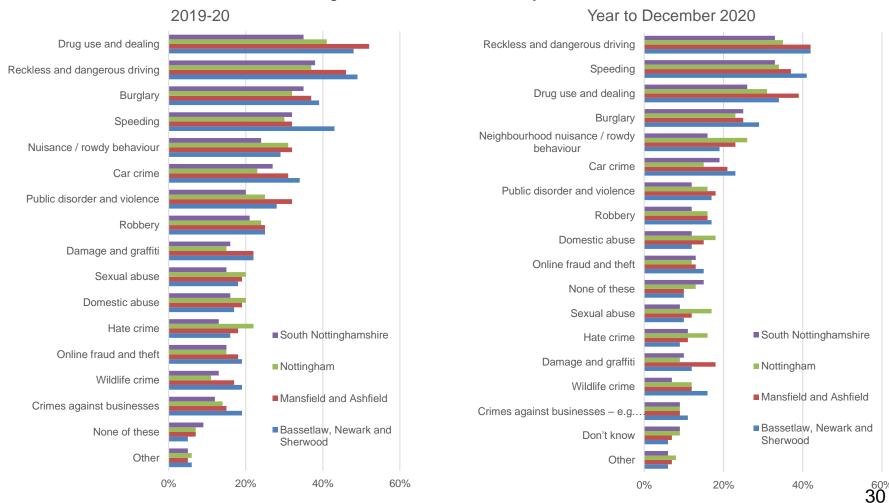




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Reckless and dangerous driving remains a particularly significant concern in Bassetlaw, Newark and Sherwood (42%) and Mansfield and Ashfield (42%). Concerns relating to drug use and dealing remain most pronounced in Mansfield and Ashfield (39%).

Are there any specific crime or anti-social behaviour issues that you would like to see the police and other agencies do more to tackle in your area?



Base: 2019–20 = 3,790, 12 months to December 2020 = 3,590 Q: And are there any specific crime or anti-social behaviour issues that you would like to see the police and other agencies do more to tackle in your area?







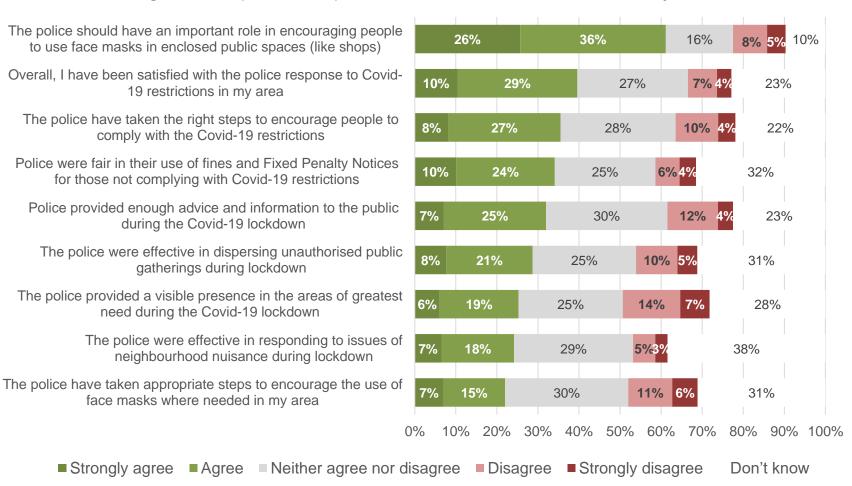


Views on the policing response to Coronavirus Restrictions

Nottinghamshire
Police and Crime Survey
2020/21 Quarter 3

Of those surveyed between August and December 2020, 39.6% felt satisfied with the local policing response to Coronavirus Restrictions, compared to 10.6% that were not. Around half (49.8%) either felt neither satisfied nor dissatisfied (26.9%) or did not know (22.9%).

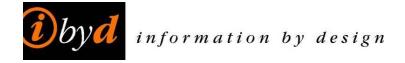
To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements about Nottinghamshire police's response to the Coronavirus restrictions in your area?









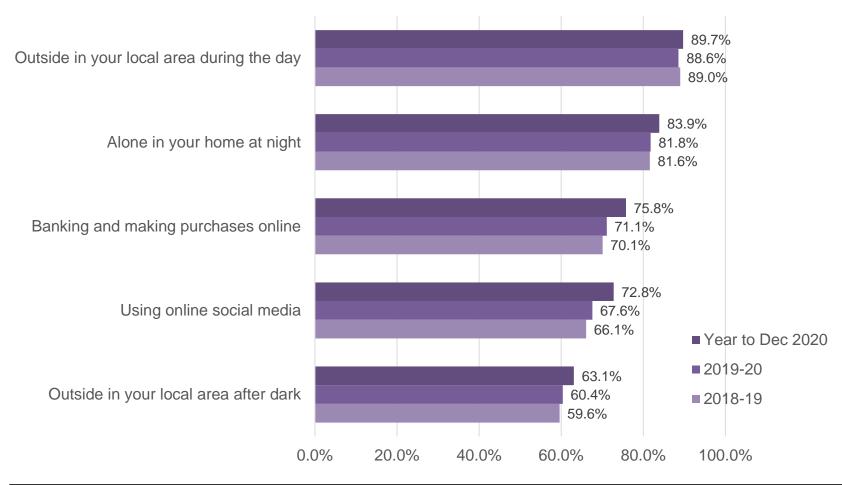


Feelings of Safety and Community Cohesion

Nottinghamshire
Police and Crime Survey
2020/21 Quarter 3

Feelings of safety have improved across a range of scenarios since March 2020, most notably when shopping and banking online (75.8%) and using online social media (72.8%).

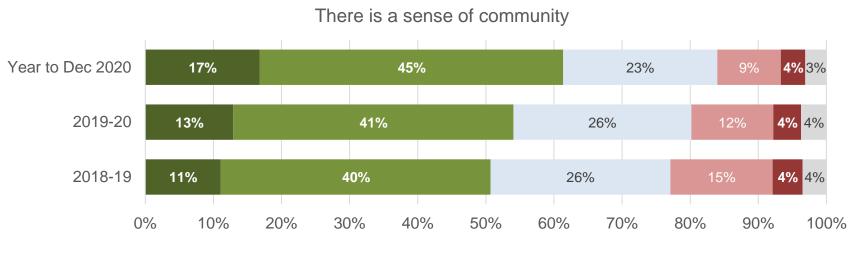
Please say how safe or unsafe you generally feel in the following situations: Very & fairly safe



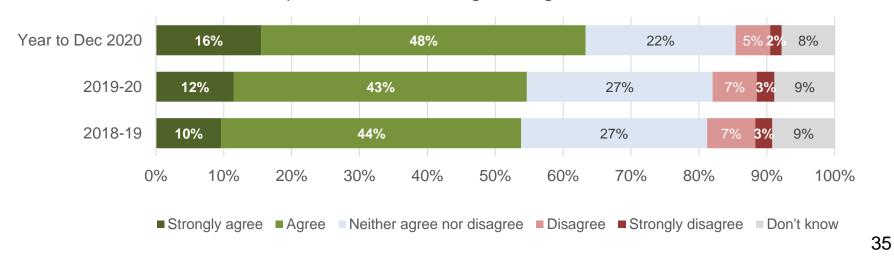


Base: 2018-19 = 3,902 - 4,104, 2019-20 = 3,896 - 4,064, Last 12 months = 4,009 - 4,104 Q: Please say how safe or unsafe you generally feel in the following situations. Excludes those that did not know.

There have been notable increases in the proportion of respondents feeling that there is a sense of community in their area (+7.3% pts) and that people from different backgrounds get on well (+8.6% pts) since March 2020.











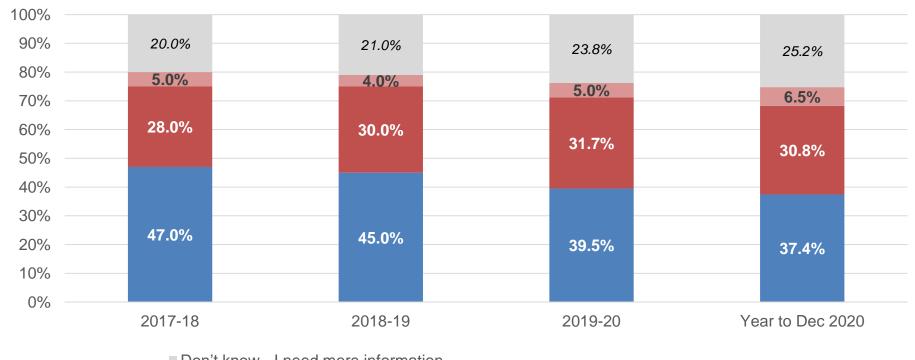


Police Funding and Precept

Nottinghamshire
Police and Crime Survey
2020/21 Quarter 3

The proportion of respondents that would be prepared to pay more council tax towards policing (37.4%) has reduced to a level comparable to the proportion that would not (37.3%) over the last year. An increasing minority feel that the police do not need extra funding (6.5%).

> Households in Nottinghamshire pay, on average, £229 a year towards policing as part of their Council Tax (Band D properties). To what extent would you be prepared to pay more?



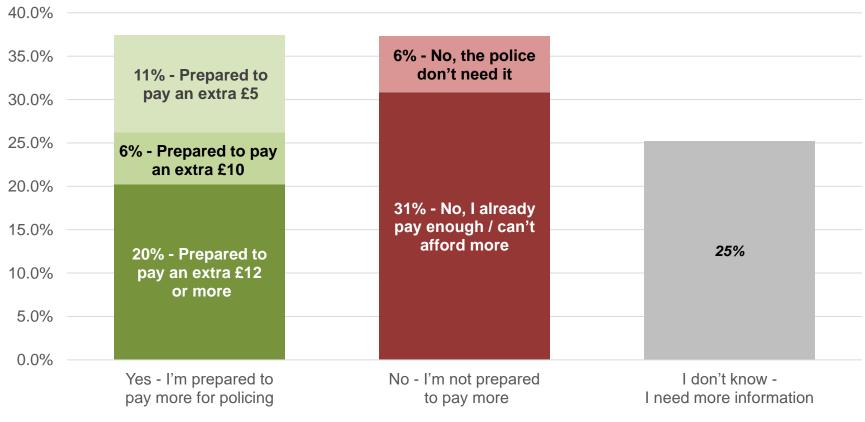
- Don't know I need more information
- No I'm not prepared to pay more The police don't need it / would not use it wisely
- No I'm not prepared to pay more I already pay enough / cannot afford to
- Yes I'm prepared to pay an additional amount per year for policing



Base: 2017-18 = 3,071, 2018-19 = 4,134, 2019-20 = 4,053, Last 12 months = 4,073 Q: Households in Nottinghamshire pay, on average, £229 a year towards policing as part of their Council Tax (Band D properties). To what extent would you be prepared to pay more?

Around a quarter of those responding to the question felt that they needed more information in order to form a judgement. This proportion has increased from 20% since 2017/18.

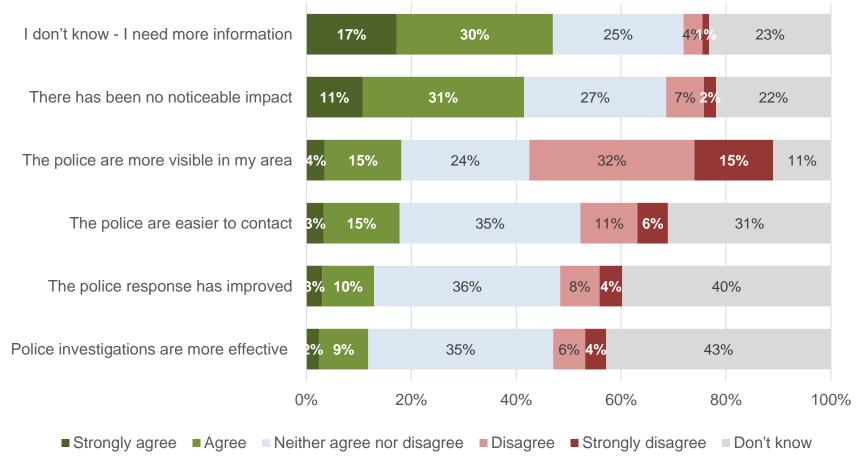
Households in Nottinghamshire pay, on average, £229 a year towards policing as part of their Council Tax (Band D properties). To what extent would you be prepared to pay more?





Of those surveyed over the last year, 42% felt that there has been no noticeable impact of extra investment in policing in their area, whilst 47% required further information in order to give an opinion.

What impact, if any, do you feel that this extra investment is having on policing in your area?





Around 18% of respondents felt that the police had become more visible in their area compared to 47% that did not. Perceptions have remained relatively stable over the last quarter.

